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BLOOMFIELD NURSERY & SEED CO.  
MONTICELLO, FLORIDA.

IMPROVED  
WHITE DENT  
CORN

1918  
MONTICELLO  
BRAND  
SEED

for

1918

PROLIFIC COTTON



BEGGARWEED CLOVER



# To Our Friends and Customers

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## Introducing "Monticello Brand" Seed to the Trade

**W**E HAVE long realized the need of a strictly reliable SEED HOUSE for this section of the State, one that would conscientiously co-operate with and help the Planters and Gardeners in numerous ways, such as advising them along the right cultural lines and methods, supplying them with proper seeds, and most important of all, handling seeds that are reliable and dependable.

We also want a Seed House who will not charge exorbitant prices, but will supply the best seeds at the same time not sacrifice QUALITY for PRICE, as this would only be the more ruinous in the end.

In introducing "MONTICELLO BRAND" seed on the market we want our friends and patrons to feel that they are obtaining and planting the best seeds procurable from any source, seeds that have been grown and handled right by experienced responsible growers, and seeds that will give results.

We wish to assure you now that this will be our life work and study, and we will make every effort to have "MONTICELLO BRAND" seed the best in the world.

We are always ready to give or receive advice and will be pleased to hear from you along any lines pertaining to any seeds or agricultural pursuits.

We say, let's all get together for a better seed campaign, more planting, and harder work.

Yours very truly,

BLOOMFIELD NURSERY AND SEED COMPANY.  
(Incorporated.)

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## WARNING

**AMERICA** is today facing a grave peril and our citizens are not awake to their danger. Hunger is stalking at our doors while we are doing nothing.

If people realized the gravity of the situation they would be working feverishly day and night to put all idle land and gardens to work.

## PLANTING SHOULD BE GOING ON NOW

Congress is preparing for three years or more of war, during which time America must feed the world.

It is absolutely up to the South and from the South only can the increase in food production come. The North and West already have every available acre in use.

If your community is not already organized and preparing to plant all available ground, get busy and organize and let us help you. We will be glad to supply you with all information necessary to plant and harvest any crop.

IT'S UP TO YOU OF THE SOUTH TO PREPARE NOW FOR FALL  
PLANTING—MAKE OUT YOUR ORDER NOW.

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## RULES AND INSTRUCTIONS

Write your name and address fully and plainly so that there will be no delays and errors in receiving your goods.

Remit with each order, as we do not like to ship goods C. O. D. to parties unknown to us.

Prices given in this catalogue include cost of postage except where noted. Where not quoted Postpaid, add so much per pound, according to the Zone, according to Postal Rates.

**AVOID DELAY**—By including necessary amount to cover postage; otherwise we have to deduct from the amount ordered, or correspond with the one ordering. All seed are delivered free where marked POSTPAID in the catalogue.

Where large quantities are ordered, same are shipped by freight or express collect unless quoted prepaid.

**NECESSARY POSTAGE**—We have compiled the following table, which will be the necessary amount to include for postage for delivery anywhere in this State, or the corresponding distance in any State.

First pound, 8 cents; each additional pound, 4 cents.

For example, 5 pounds would be 24 cents.

**FLUCTUATION IN PRICE**—The prices quoted are prices prevailing at the time this catalogue went to press. We reserve the right to make market prices on any item herein listed.

We will take pleasure in quoting you on any article we list, and in making SPECIAL PRICES IN LARGE LOTS, ESPECIALLY TO TRUCKERS OR PLANTERS GROWING FOR THE MARKET. WE CATER ESPECIALLY TO LARGE BUYERS AND WILL MAKE WHOLESALE PRICES WHERE QUANTITY WARRANTS ON BOTH GARDEN AND FIELD SEED.

**ERRORS**—We all make them—not intentionally, but they will creep in, no matter how hard we work to prevent them.

We ask that you write us promptly on receipt of your order. If you find anything wrong, we will take pleasure in making it right.

## NON-WARRANTY.

We exercise all care and precaution to have seed pure, good germination, and true to name, but we give no warranty, either expressed or implied, to this effect. If the purchaser does not accept the goods on these terms, they are to be returned at once.



# WIN ONE OF OUR CASH PRIZES OFFERED FOR SEED ORDERS *for* "MONTICELLO BRAND" SEEDS

---

|                                 |                |                                      |                |
|---------------------------------|----------------|--------------------------------------|----------------|
| <b>Largest Club Order</b> _____ | <b>\$10.00</b> | <b>Largest Individual Order</b> ____ | <b>\$10.00</b> |
| <b>Second Largest</b> _____     | <b>5.00</b>    | <b>Second Largest</b> _____          | <b>5.00</b>    |
| <b>Third Largest</b> _____      | <b>4.00</b>    | <b>Third Largest</b> _____           | <b>4.00</b>    |
| <b>Fourth Largest</b> _____     | <b>2.50</b>    | <b>Fourth Largest</b> _____          | <b>2.50</b>    |
| <b>Fifth Largest</b> _____      | <b>1.00</b>    | <b>Fifth Largest</b> _____           | <b>1.00</b>    |

Signify your intention of entering the contest on first order.

Many of your neighbors send away for their seeds. Get the orders and win a prize. They will be glad to order through you.

Any orders from January 1st to July 1st count towards one of the prizes.

Checks will be mailed out to the winners July 4, 1918.

Take a copy of our seed book and some order blanks—we will furnish you as many order blanks and mailing envelopes as you can use—and ask your friend or neighbor to let you order our "Monticello Brand" Garden, Field or Flower Seed for him. Our "Monticello Brand" Seeds are the best that can be grown and will give satisfaction. All orders forwarded the day order is received.

## A FEW SUGGESTIONS ABOUT ORDERING.

**How to Order.**—Write your name and address fully on every order, give your Post Office address and name of State, give R. F. D. address if you live on a route. If goods are to be shipped by freight give name of Railway Station where goods are to be delivered.

**How to Make Out An Order.**—Select from this Seed Book the articles you desire and write your orders plainly on our order sheets enclosed in this catalogue, if you want more order sheets we will be pleased to send you as many as you can use.

**How to Send Money.**—The safest way to send money is by Post Office, Money Order, Express Money Order or Bank Check.

## IMPORTANT.

If you are a market gardener and grow for the market and can use seed in quantity write for our special prices—naming seed and in what quantity wanted. We will not make these prices to private gardeners.

## ATTENTION PLANTERS.

Seed crops in some lines are very short and impossible to secure very large quantities of many items and varieties. All items pertaining to the seed growing industry have advanced and we have had to advance our prices accordingly.

We will at all times give you advantage of any reduced prices at the time your order is received, and will advise you if prices have advanced.

## ORDER EARLY..

We have good supplies of all items listed but order early as the demand will be much greater for seeds this year and mails, express and freight will probably be delayed more than is usual.

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# VEGETABLE SEEDS

## ARTICHOKES

Cultivate like potatoes.

**JERUSALEM ARTICHOKES.** — Grown from roots or tubers. Their greatest value is for feeding to stock, particularly hogs. They make an enormous yield of nutritious food, also a large growth of tops which can be used for feed. Price, Pk., 75 cts.; bu., \$2.25.

## BEANS

### Dwarf or Green Podded

One quart to 100 feet of drill. From 1 to 1½ bushels per acre in drills.

**Culture.**—Plant from last of December and every two weeks until May. August and September are good months to plant again. They are ready for the table from 30 to 50 days after planting. Beans do not require heavy manuring, and a good fertilizer is sufficient, from 600 pounds to 1 ton per acre.

Beans are a good money crop in the trucking section, and as they are a quick maturing crop can be followed by other crops which can get the benefit of the fertilizer. We list only the best varieties for market and home use.

**BURPEE'S STRINGLESS GREEN POD (45 days).**—Entirely stringless and a great frost resister, a splendid all-round variety. Price, qt., 50 cts.; pk., \$3.75; bu., \$14.00.

**EARLY SPECKLED RED VALENTINE (46 days).**—Early, round, green podded variety, and very prolific. Can always be counted on to produce a crop, and on this account is a very popular variety among the growers who supply the market. Price, qt., 40 cts.; pk., \$3.00; bu., \$12.00.

**GIANT STRINGLESS GREEN POD (45 days).**—Resembles the Red Valentine, only larger and equally as early. A great favorite with the Florida truck growers. Price, qt., 40 cts.; pk., \$3.00; bu., \$12.00.



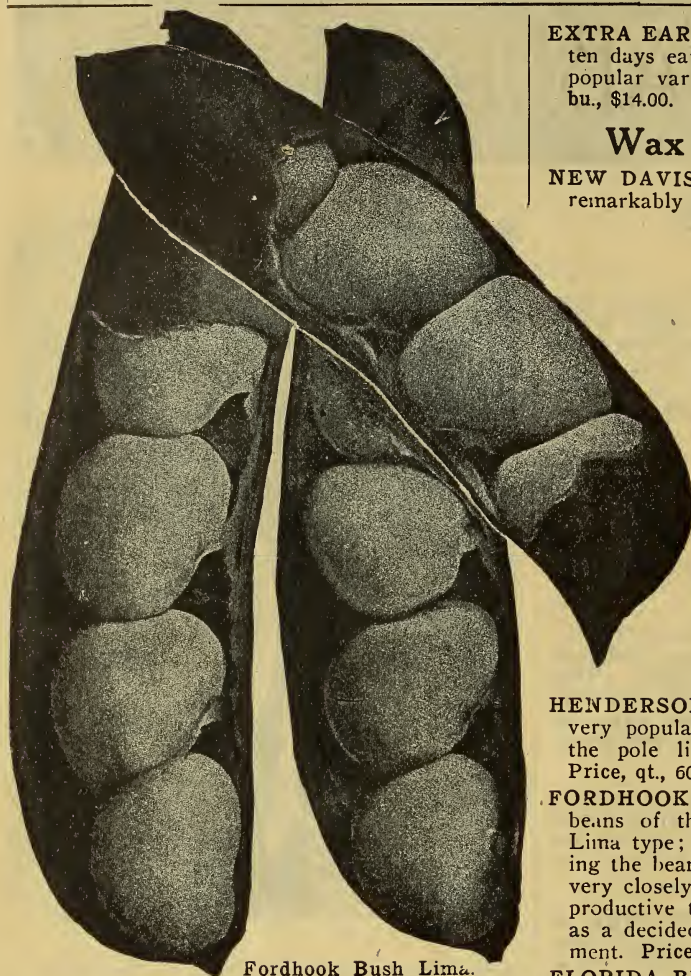
### MAKE A GARDEN!

It will feed you and help America in supplying food to her allies. Help win the war.

RAISE MORE POULTRY AND  
LIVE STOCK  
PLANT MORE FOOD STUFFS  
DO YOUR BIT







Fordhook Bush Lima.

**EXTRA EARLY REFUGEE (48 days).**—A bean ten days earlier than the Refugee, and a very popular variety. Price, qt., 50 cts.; pk., \$3.75; bu., \$14.00.

## Wax Podded Varieties

**NEW DAVIS WHITE WAX (50 days).**—Pods remarkably long and handsome white waxy color, enormously productive. Price, qt., 50 cts.; pk., \$4.00; bu., \$15.00.

**WARDWELL'S KIDNEY WAX (50 days).**—Most popular of all wax varieties in this State, or in fact in the South; a vigorous grower, bearing heavy crops. None in stock.

**HODSON WAX (55 days).**—Matures a week later than the other wax podded varieties, but an excellent producer, and has given satisfaction. Price, qt., 50 cts.; pk., \$3.75; bu., \$14.00.

## LIMA BEANS Bush and Pole

**HENDERSON'S BUSH LIMA (65 days).**—A very popular variety, two weeks earlier than the pole limas and wonderfully productive. Price, qt., 60 cts.; pk., \$4.50.

**FORDHOOK BUSH LIMA (65 days).**—The beans of this new variety are of the large Lima type; the bush itself is very erect, holding the beans from the ground. The pods are very closely packed, and easy to shell; a very productive type. We recommend this variety as a decided success, and a valuable improvement. Price, qt., 60 cts.; pk., \$4.50.

**FLORIDA BUTTER BEAN.**—A sure bean for early bearing, and a very popular table variety. Price, qt., 60 cts.; pk., \$4.50.

## Pole or Running Bean

**KENTUCKY WONDER (60 days).**—The most popular of all Pole beans; pods bright green, tender and stringless when young. Very productive. Price, qt., 50 cts.; pk., \$4.00.

**LAZY WIFE (65 days).**—Pods are borne in heavy clusters. A good variety for Snap beans. Price, qt., 50 cts.; pk., \$4.00.

**BLACK VALENTINE (45 days).**—A strong grower and very hardy; produces larger pods than the Red Valentine. A good variety for the market. Price, qt., 40 cts.; pk., \$3.25; bu., \$12.50.

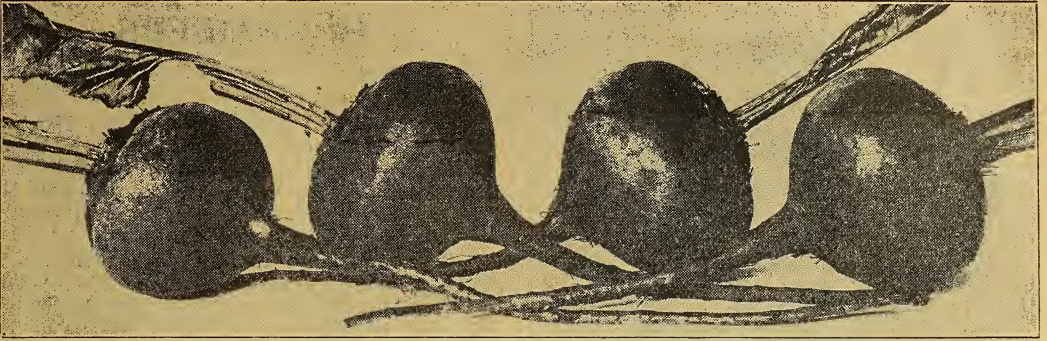
**LONGFELLOW (45 days).**—A splendid variety of the long green podded type, a very heavy yielder. Price, qt., 40 cts.; pk., \$3.25; bu., \$12.50.

**REFUGEE, or 1000 to 1 (55 days).**—Very productive and a splendid variety for late planting, especially in the fall; about two weeks later than the early varieties. Price, qt., 50 cts.; pk., \$3.75; bu., \$14.00.



This bean field of 15 acres, located just north of Webster, is the property of J. W. Caruthers. Up to May 25, 1915, date of photograph, 600 crates had been shipped, which sold for \$1.50 per crate, net





Crosby's Improved Egyptian Beets.

## BEETS

Two ozs. will sow 50 feet of drill; 6 to 8 lbs. per acre.

**Culture.** The ground for beets should be rich and well plowed, sow in drills two feet apart and thin out to six inches apart when plants are about three inches high. Plant from Sept. to March.

It would be well to soak the seed in water for twelve hours before planting as this softens the burr and allows the seed germ a better chance.

**IMPROVED BLOOD TURNIP.** Dark red, smooth uniform size and of excellent quality. A good variety for a main crop as same keeps well. Price, pkt., 10c; oz., 25c;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., 75c.

**LONG SMOOTH BLOOD.** Very smooth and a dark red of an excellent sweet flavor, and keeps well. Price, pkt., 10c; oz., 25c;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., 75c.

**CROSBYS IMPROVED EGYPTIAN.** Used very largely by market gardeners, it is early and smooth, globe shaped, of a bright red color, good for home garden or market. Price, pkt., 10c; oz., 25c;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb. 75c.

**HALF LONG BLOOD.** A valuable variety for winter, keeps as well if not better than any other. Price, pkt., 10c; oz., 25c;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb. 75c postpaid.

**DETROIT LONG RED.** A dark red color, turnip shaped, has small tops, the flesh is very tender and sweet. Price, pkt., 10c; oz., 25c;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., 75c P. P.

## BRUSSELS SPROUTS

One oz. seed will produce about 2,500 plants.

This plant belongs to the cabbage family, but produces numerous buds like miniature cabbages on the stems; these are pulled and cooked like cabbage. Sow same time as cabbage.

**PERFECTION.** A new and superior variety of American growth, about three weeks earlier than other varieties. Price, pkt. 10c; oz., 35c;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., \$1.25.

## STOCK BEETS

**YELLOW, or ORANGE GLOBE.** A valuable variety for planting in shallow soil, as this variety grows mostly above ground, and making it very easy to pull same. A splendid keeper. Price, pkt. 10c;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., 50c; lb. \$1.50 postpaid.

**GOLDEN TANKARD.** A variety for dairy feeding, a bright yellow color and a heavy producer, keeps well, it is very nutritious and stock like same. Price, pkt., 10c;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., 50c; lb., \$1.50 postpaid.

**JUMBO, or LONG RED MANGEL.** Most largely grown of the mangels, roots reach an enormous size and produces a number of tons of feed per acre. Price, pkt., 10c;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., 50c; lb., \$1.50 postpaid.

Every farmer should grow some of the above stock beets for stock raising, as it is the most inexpensive variety of food product that can be grown.

## BROCCOLI

Very much like Cauliflower and requires a long growing season; cultivate same as cabbage;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb. will plant an acre. Sow in the fall or spring.

**WHITE CAPE.** The best variety. Price, pkt., 10c; oz., 50c;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., \$1.50.



Improved Blood Turnip Beet.





Georgia Collards.

## COLLARDS

**Culture.**—One ounce of seed will produce about 2,000 plants. Sow in spring or summer. Use same methods as for cabbage; either sow in seed beds or in the row where desired to stand. If sown in rows, thin out as desired.

**SOUTHERN, or GEORGIA.**—This variety is the old time variety, and is by far the best; stands most any conditions, being very hardy. Will grow where the soil is too poor to grow cabbage. Pkt., 10c;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., 35c; lb., \$1.00 postpaid.

## CAULIFLOWER

One-fourth lb. makes enough plants to set out an acre.

**Culture.** Cauliflower requires the same kind of soil suitable to cabbage and the same method of culture is necessary. Sow from July to Oct.

**EARLY SNOWBALL.** This is undoubtedly the best variety and the earliest to mature and has an excellent flavor. Price, pkt., 25c; oz., \$2.50; lb., \$25.00 postpaid.

**AUTUMN GIANT, or DRY WEATHER.** This is a good variety and stands the dry weather. Price, pkt., 10c; oz., \$1.00; lb., \$12.00 postpaid.

## CUCUMBERS

Two pounds seed per acre. One ounce for fifty hills.

**Culture.**—Plant early for a money crop, as soon as the ground is warm; make hills 6 feet apart each way, and drop 8 to 10 seed per hill. Have the hills very rich—do this by digging the holes sufficiently deep, then refill with manure or rich earth.

When the plants begin to run, thin out to three in a hill. For spring, plant from January to April; for fall, plant from August to October. Our seed are grown on irrigated seed farms and are pure.

**HENDERSON'S PERFECTED WHITE SPINE.**—A fine dark green variety, and a standard for many years. A popular shipping variety. Price, pkt., 5 cts.; oz., 10 cts.;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., 35c; lb., \$1.00 postpaid.

**DAVIS PERFECT.**—A variety of very few seed, and is being planted more every year by the South Florida truckers; also fine for table use. Price, pkt., 5c; oz., 10c;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., 35c; lb., \$1.00 postpaid.

**IMPROVED EARLY WHITE SPINE.**—The most popular early variety of all for growing for the market or table use, principally because of its productiveness and keeping qualities. Price, pkt., 5c; oz., 10c;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., 35c; lb., \$1.00.

**EARLY FORTUNE.**—Also a good variety for market, keeping well and holding its color. A very early variety. Price, pkt., 5 cts.; oz., 10 cts.;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., 35 cts.; lb., \$1.00 postpaid.

**IMPROVED LONG GREEN.**—Quality crisp and delicious; smaller fruits, suitable for pickling. Price, pkt., 5 cts.; oz., 10 cts.;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., 35 cts.; lb., \$1.00 postpaid.

**KLONDYKE.**—Medium early, white spine type, originated in the Rocky Ford district, and is suitable for table or shipping purposes. Price, pkt., 5 cts.; oz., 10 cts.;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., 35 cts.; lb., \$1.00 postpaid.

## SWISS CHARD

A variety of beet producing tender foliage, but not much root. The leaves should be prepared like spinach, kale or turnip; a fine addition to summer vegetables. Price, pkt., 10 cts.; oz., 25 cts.;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., 75 cts.; lb., \$2.50 postpaid.



Improved Long Green Cucumber.



## CABBAGE

Six ozs. seed per acre.

The quality of seed for this crop is very important in order to grow successfully. We handle Long Island grown cabbage seed exclusively.

**Culture.** The ground must be very rich and well cultivated. Sow the seed thinly in seed beds, but do not have the seed beds as rich as your field soil. From August until November is the proper time for planting in this state. Set plants in rows 2½ feet apart and 18 inches apart in the drill. We list the best varieties.

**HENDERSON'S EARLY SUMMER.** An exceptionally good cabbage and early; liked by market gardeners. Price, pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 90c; lb., \$3.50 postpaid.

**FLORIDA SURE HEADER.**—Just as the name implies, a "sure header," and the best variety for a late sowing. Price, pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 90c; lb., \$3.50 postpaid.

**LARGE CHARLESTON WAKEFIELD.**—A few days later than the Jersey Wakefield, but makes a larger head. Price, pkt., 10c; oz., 35c; ¼ lb., \$1.00; lb., \$4.00 postpaid.

**EARLIEST JERSEY WAKEFIELD.**—A favorite with market gardeners and truckers to grow for an early variety. Makes compact, solid pointed heads. A very hardy variety, resists cold and other unfavorable conditions. Price, pkt., 10c; oz., 35c; ¼ lb., \$1.25; lb., \$4.50 postpaid.



Early Jersey Wakefield Cabbage.

## CARROTS

Four pounds seed per acre.

**Culture.**—Sow as early as the ground is in working order in rows 15 to 18 inches apart, and about ½ inch deep. When well up thin to four inches apart in the row; roots are ready for use in about a month or little better. Select deep sandy loam well manured.



Danvers Half Long Carrot.

**EARLY FLAT DUTCH.**—Comes at a time when there is a good demand for the flat head varieties, and the market is generally good with high prices. It is a valuable variety, and can be depended upon for good crops. Our strain of this is carefully selected. Price, pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 90c; lb., \$3.50 postpaid.

**HENDERSON'S SUCCESSION.** The most popular variety in this state and planted by truckers for shipping purposes, a very large variety. Price, pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 90c; lb., \$3.50 postpaid.

**ALL HEAD EARLY.**—An early variety and one that will head regularly, making a large hard flat head, a very desirable variety. Price, pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 90c; lb., \$3.50 postpaid.

**DANVER'S HALF LONG.**—Grows well on all kinds of soil and is about six inches long; a very productive variety, and easy to pull. Price, pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 90c; lb., \$3.00 postpaid.

**IMPROVED LONG ORANGE.**—An improvement over the old Long Orange; roots are long and pointed, free from side roots and of a deep orange color. Price, pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 90c; lb., \$3.00 postpaid.

**OXHEART.**—A heavy yielder and a good variety for hard stiff soils; does not grow as long, but very thick. Price, pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 90c; lb., \$3.00 postpaid.

**HALF LONG SCARLET.**—Very sweet and tender, one of the best in cultivation. Price, pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 90c; lb., \$3.00 postpaid.

**MAKE A WAR GARDEN.**—It will feed you and help America in supplying food for her allies.  
Help win the war!





Golden Self-Blanching—From French-Grown Seed.

## CELERY

One-half lb. seed per acre.

**Culture.** Celery requires a moist and fertile ground, highly fertilized. In Florida sow seed for general crop in August to November. Seeds must be covered very shallow about  $\frac{1}{4}$  of an inch, when plants are about six inches high set in double rows 6x10 ins. on beds 30 ins. apart.

**GOLDEN SELF-BLANCHING.** (French grow.) Very high. The finest early celery and the most popular for Southern market gardeners, is very easily blanched, is compact in growth and a beautiful rich yellow. French grown seed are the best and we handle only French grown seed direct from the grower. Price, pkt., 25c; oz., \$1.25;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., \$4.00; lb., \$15.00 postpaid.

**WHITE PLUME.** A very popular variety and requires very little earthing up. This is an American type of the white celery and bleaches very nicely. Most especially adapted for home use. Price, pkt., 10c; oz., 50c;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., \$1.50; lb., \$5.00 postpaid.

## STOCK CARROT

**Culture.**—Sow three pounds per acre. Roots are often 1 $\frac{1}{2}$  feet in circumference; very productive, often producing 300 to 500 bushels per acre. Stock are very fond of same. All dairy-men should plant carrot.

**LARGE WHITE BELGIAN.**—The heaviest cropper and the best suited for our section; easily gathered and a valuable food product. Price, pkt., 10c;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., 75c postpaid.

## CANTALOUPE AND MUSKMELONS

**Culture.**—Prepare hills 4 to 6 feet apart in a rich moderately dry sandy soil using well rotted manure. When danger of frost is over plant 6 to 10 seeds in each hill and when well up thin out leaving 4 strong plants to the hill. Give frequent and shallow cultivation.

Cantaloupes are a great commercial crop and as a rule bring high prices in the markets with ready sales.

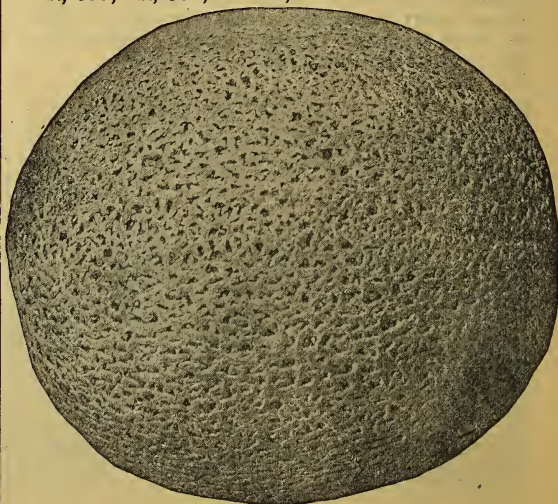
**ROCKY FORD.**—Most famous melon today in the United States and has been favorably used as a shipper for a number of years. A medium sized melon of good quality and will carry well. Price, pkt., 5c; oz., 10c;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., 30c; lb., 90c; 10 lbs., 75c.

**HONEY DEW.**—A new melon on the market and much is claimed for same by the growers who have planted this variety for the market. Grows to a very large size, most productive and very finely flavored. Said to carry and keep in perfect condition longer than any variety of cantaloupe. We can supply Southern grown seed adapted to Georgia and Florida climate. Price, pkt., 10c; oz., 15c;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., 50c; lb., \$1.25; 10 lbs., \$1.00.

**PINK MEAT CANTALOUPE.**—A popular variety of melon for the truckers who grow for the market, especially popular in Georgia where thousands of acres of this variety are planted yearly. Grows to a medium size and very sweet; a fine shipper. Price, pkt., 5c; oz., 10c;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., 30c; lb., 90c; 10 lbs. 75c.

**EARLY HACKENSACK.**—A large, round melon; very early and an improvement over the old Hackensack. Flesh is green tinged with a salmon pink around the seed cavity. Very solid and hard and stands shipping well. Vines bear longer and more productive. Price, pkt., 5c; oz., 10c;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., 30c; lb., 90c; 10 lbs., 75c.

**BURRELS GEM.**—One of the meatiest of the Rocky Ford type melons of uniform standard size, a very fine shipper and bears an abundance of fine melons to the vine. Thick netted distinctly ribbed. Price, pkt., 5c; oz., 10c;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., 30c; lb., 90c; 10 lbs., 75c.



Rocky Ford Cantaloupe.



# COTTON SEED

Cotton breeding helps. Get more money from your crops. Cotton must be bred up continuously to get results and same was never more important than now, when the boll weevil has infested certain sections.

Our cotton seed is grown for us by experienced breeders who make a business of improving the grades of cotton by improving the quality of the seed.

Plant early maturing varieties only.

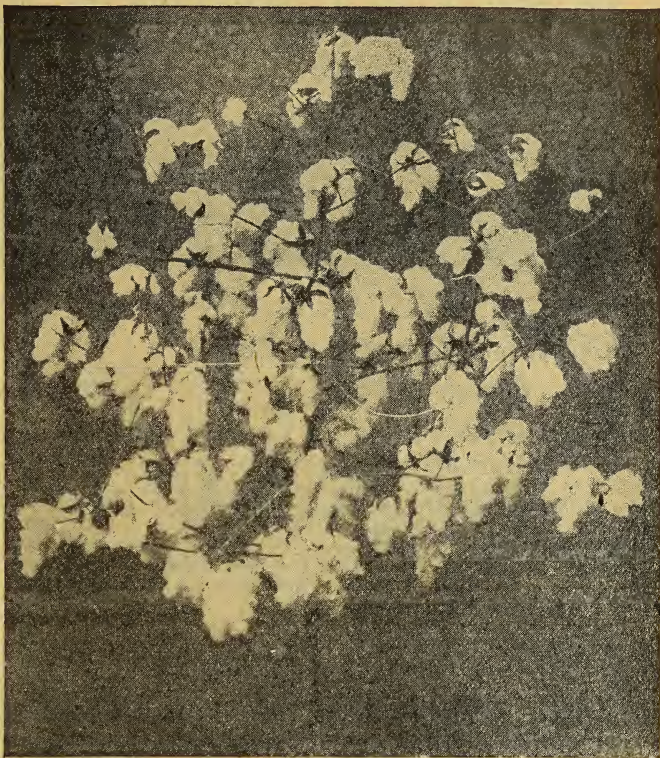
Buy good seed even if they cost more. You will be more than repaid in the crop output.

Here's what the careful seed breeder does to make seeds better: Practice rigid stalk selection. Select for early, rapid, continuous fruiting. Select well shaped, large, easily picked bolls.

We list below the best varieties of the early maturing types of both the long and short staple.

Our short staple varieties were grown in the northernly section of the cotton belt which will make same mature in our section from ten days to two weeks earlier.

**EXTRA EARLY KINGS.**—The earliest small and medium boll variety on the market and the best variety for the boll weevil infested districts. Tolerably small stalk with spreading limbs. Planted in the Augusta, Georgia, section this past season made a bale to the acre. The government experts and the leading authorities on the subject of cotton say that the best early maturing variety to plant is the Extra Early Kings. Our seed grown for us by seed breeders in North Carolina and is pure and not blended. Price, bu., \$2.50; 5 bu., \$2.25.



**EARLY SIMPKINS PROLIFIC.**—Early for the boll weevil sections and is a selection from the Extra Early Kings. Some growers claim this variety to be some earlier than the Kings. Its chief quality is its productiveness, and has been known to produce a bale to a bale and one-half per acre. Will yield 40 per cent lint at the gin. Price, bu., \$2.50; 5 bu., \$2.25.

## SEA ISLAND COTTON SEED

(42 Pounds Per Bushel.)

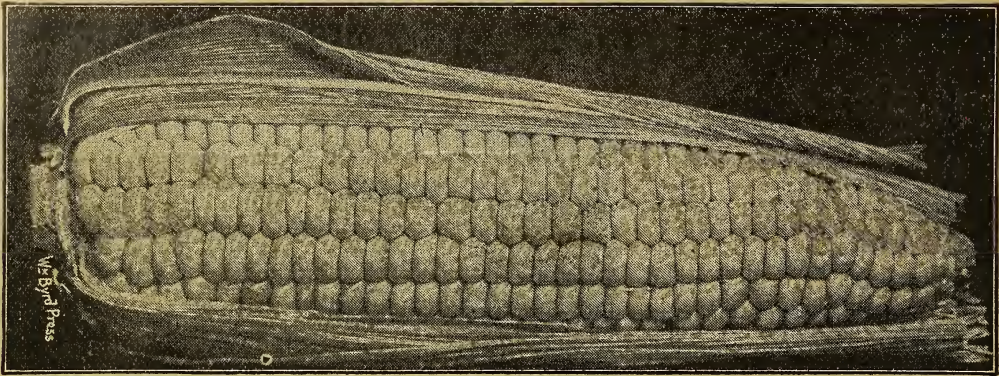
Our **SOSNOSKI** variety direct from the islands off Charleston, S. C., is the best that can be obtained from any source. For the boll weevil infested districts only the early maturing big boll varieties are suitable.

Price, bu., \$3.50; 5 bu., \$3.25.

Sea Island cotton seed must come regularly from the coast around South Carolina and Georgia as if you plant continuously seed grown in the interior the lint becomes much shorter and inferior. We have a limited supply only of the Sosnoski variety as the demand for this seed is much greater than the supply and offer same at the following prices while our supply lasts.

**SELECTED SEA ISLAND**—One and two years from the coast as follows: Price, bu., \$2.50; 5 bu., \$2.25.





Stowell's Evergreen Corn.

## CORN—Sweet or Sugar Garden Variety

One peck of seed per acre.

For table use everywhere sweet corns are way ahead of any varieties. This variety also is a very profitable industry when grown for the market, and big profits are made.

**Culture.**—Plant in rows three feet apart, hills about 18 inches apart, 1 and 2 stalks to the hill. Apply some good grade of fertilizer.

**STOWELL'S EVERGREEN.**—The standard variety, and planted generally for the main crop. Ears large and well filled; will stay tender for many days while in the ear. A good yielder. Price, pt., 30c; qt., 50c; pk., \$4.00.

**COUNTRY GENTLEMAN.**—Very popular on account of its superior variety. Some earlier than Stowell's Evergreen; has small deep grains running in uneven rows. Price, pt., 30c; qt., 50c; pk., \$4.00.

**EXTRA EARLY ADAMS.**—Not exactly a sweet corn, but when young the ears are very tender and makes an excellent table corn; is also very early. Price, pt., 15c; qt., 25c; pk., \$1.50.

## FIELD CORN

One peck per acre.

We would like to say a word about the production of corn in our State. There is no question but that we can grow as good corn and make as big yields as any section, but as a rule you will find that we do not, and the main reason is that we do not select our seed corn properly. We go ahead and plant from the same run-down stock year after year. Could you expect results?

Below we offer seed corn that has been bred up by a responsible grower who makes seed corn his business, and it would pay you to send us an order for some of our tested seed corn which will make a bigger yield and a better grade.

**EARLY IMPROVED WHITE DENT.**—A very prolific variety for early use. There are thousands of bushels of this variety sold in this State for early planting, and will make two to three ears to the stalk; too soft for general crop. Price, qt., 15c; pk., \$1.00; bu., \$3.75.

**IMPROVED YELLOW DENT.**—Practically the same can be said of the Yellow Dent corn as of the White, except the difference in color, and possibly matures a little earlier. Price, qt., 15 cts.; pk., \$1.00; bu., \$3.75.

**HICKORY KING.**—A very productive white corn, and is in great favor with those who have planted same; it produces on good soil 3 or 4 average sized ears to the stalk; well suited for the South. Price, qt., 15 cts.; pk., \$1.00; bu., \$3.75.

**FLORIDA FLINT.**—Grown and selected for us by a Florida grower, and is particularly recommended because it stands the weevils; also does well on thin land, producing a good yield in this State. Price, qt., 15 cts.; pk., 90c; bu., \$3.25.



Field of Florida Flint Corn.



**HASTINGS PROLIFIC.**—This variety is a wonder in the way of production, and well deserves the name of prolific. This is the best variety suited to practically all purposes, and makes roasting ears. Grains very flinty and a good keeper. Price, qt., 15 cts.; pk., \$1.00; bu., \$3.75.

**BLOOMFIELD FLORIDA PERFECTION.**—

We have made a study of the conditions in this State in regard to field corn, and a number of experiments, and we have discovered a corn that is very prolific when planted in this State, or in the Southern section, and after years of careful selection and breeding we have a corn to offer the Farmers and Planters which is especially adapted to our soils and climatic conditions; a drouth resister and a very heavy yielder. Do not fail to send us a trial order at least. Price, qt., 15 cts.; peck, \$1.00; bu. \$3.50.

**MARYLAND WHITE (90 days).**—A splendid variety for both field and roasting ears; matures in 90 days; very prolific, and a corn that keeps well; very popular in the South. Price, qt., 15 cts.; pk., \$1.00; bu., \$3.50.

## BROOM CORN

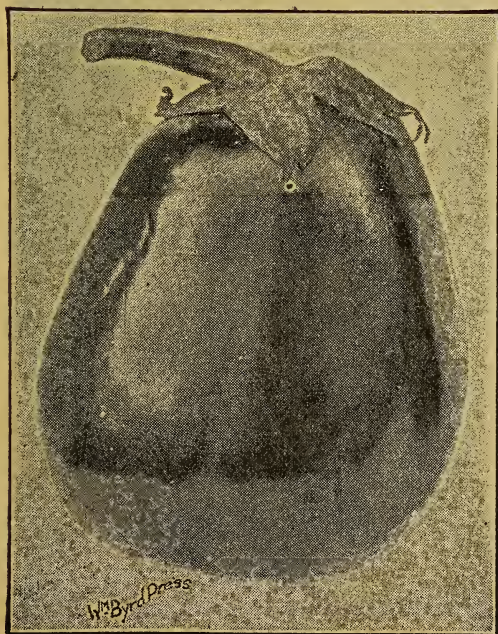
**Culture.**—Plant same time as field corn and give same cultivation. Will grow anywhere in the Southern section to perfection.

**IMPROVED EVERGREEN.**—The best standard variety, and as good as any. Price, pkt., 10 cts.; lb., 15 cts. postpaid.

## POP CORN

**GOLDEN BEAUTY.**—An extremely early variety of a beautiful color. Pops splendidly and is very crisp. Price, pt., 15 cts.; qt., 25 cts.; pk., \$1.50; bu., \$5.00.

**MEXICAN JUNE CORN.**—A hardy drought-resisting variety for planting late, after wheat, oats, rye, etc., are off. For corn, plant in June. Price, qt., 25 cts.; pk., \$1.50; bu., \$5.00.



Black Beauty Egg Plant.



Green Curled Scotch Kale.

## KALE or BORECOLE

**Culture.**—Sow from August until December in seed bed, and when the plants are of suitable size transplant from 20 to 30 inches each way, similar to cabbage. The center of the plant is the part used.

**GREEN CURLED SCOTCH.**—About the best and most popular variety that can be grown. Give plenty of cultivation; stands the winter best. Price, pkt., 10 cts.; oz., 25 cts.; ¼ lb., 75 cts.; lb., \$2.75.

## ENDIVE

**Culture.**—Seed may be sown at any time of the year. August is the best month. When plants are well started thin out to 10 inches apart in the row, or they may be transplanted. Cultivate same as lettuce except as the heads become large enough the leaves should be drawn up and tied at the top to blanch the heart and make it tender. One ounce will sow 100 feet of row; about 3 lbs. to the acre.

**GREEN CURLED.**—A good variety, and the one generally used; an easy variety to blanch. The leaves are finely curled. Price, pkt., 5 cts.; oz., 25 cts.; lb., \$2.50 postpaid.

## EGG PLANT

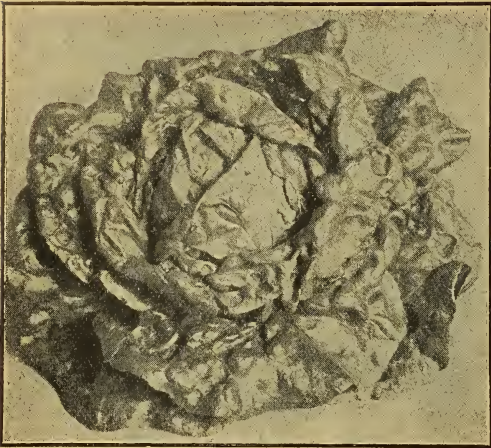
**Culture.**—Seed make a slow start and should be sown in hotbeds or in boxes in the house; it is important to make a rapid continuous growth. Set out 30 inches apart in rows about 5 feet apart. Do not set out until warm weather. Four ounces seed will plant an acre, or about 1 oz. of seed to every 1000 plants.

**FLORIDA HIGH BUSH.**—Heavy yielder, of a rich purple color, oblong in shape; bushes stand well up, holding the fruit from the ground. Price, pkt., 10 cts.; oz., 50 cts.; ¼ lb., \$1.75; lb., \$6.00 postpaid.

**BLACK BEAUTY.**—Very early, the fruit being ready for market two weeks before any other variety. Color very fine, being a purplish black. A good variety for a main crop for market. Price, pkt., 10 cts.; oz., 50 cts.; ¼ lb., \$1.75; lb., \$6.00 postpaid.

**IMPROVED PURPLE SPINELESS.**—Claimed to have fewer spines than any variety grown. This variety has been the main crop for market gardeners and shippers for years. Plants are very strong and vigorous, making from 5 to 8 large fruits each. Price, pkt., 10 cts.; oz., 50 cts.; ¼ lb., \$1.75; lb., \$6.00 postpaid.





Selected Big Boston Lettuce.

## LETTUCE

Four to five pounds per acre.

**Culture.**—Begin sowing in August or September and continue until December. Land should be highly fertilized and well cultivated. Lettuce should be grown rapidly to give it size, tenderness and crispness. Must not be allowed to stagnate. You can either sow in seed beds or in drill. When sown in seed beds be sure that same are kept thoroughly moist in order that the seed may germinate. One ounce of seed will produce 2,000 plants.

**EARLY CURLED SIMPSON.**—A sure variety even under poor conditions. Makes a well blanched curly loose head; leaves tender and crisp. Price, pkt., 5 cts.; oz., 10 cts.;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., 35 cts.; lb., \$1.00 postpaid.

**BIG BOSTON.**—This variety is universally planted, and too much praise cannot be given same. For gardeners or truckers who want a large headed variety we recommend above. The leaves are light green, very thin, and crisp. Price, pkt., 5 cts.; oz., 10 cts.;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., 35 cts.; lb., \$1.00 postpaid.

**CALIFORNIA CREAM BUTTER.**—This variety obtains a large, strong growth in a comparatively short time, and is an excellent variety to stand rough weather. Buttery flavor. Price, pkt., 5 cts.; oz., 10 cts.;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., 35 cts.; lb., \$1.00 postpaid.

**ICEBERG.**—A very superior family and home use variety; very crisp, tender and brittle, and fully justifies the name. A summer variety. Price, pkt., 5 cts.; oz., 10 cts.;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., 35 cts.; lb., \$1.00 postpaid.

**IMPROVED HANSON.**—One of the best summer lettuces; makes a large, compact head; blanches well, and a favorite with gardeners and market growers. Price, pkt., 5 cts.; oz., 10 cts.;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., 35 cts.; lb., \$1.00 postpaid.

## KOHL RABI

**Culture.**—Plant and cultivate like cabbage, as this vegetable is an intermediate between the cabbage and turnip. It forms a turnip-shaped bulb above the ground, which is prepared for the table.

Sow in drills 18 to 20 inches apart; 1 oz. to 100 feet of row.

**EARLY WHITE VIENNA.**—Price, pkt., 10 cts.; oz., 25 cts.;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., \$1.00 postpaid.

## FLOWER SEED

Below you will find a list of the Flower Seed that do well in the South, and are generally known and planted. We desire ESPECIALLY to call your attention to the SWEET PEA, and as this plant can be grown in our entire section more of this beautiful flower should be planted. We have made this a specialty, and our seed are grown on BLOOMFIELD SEED FARMS.

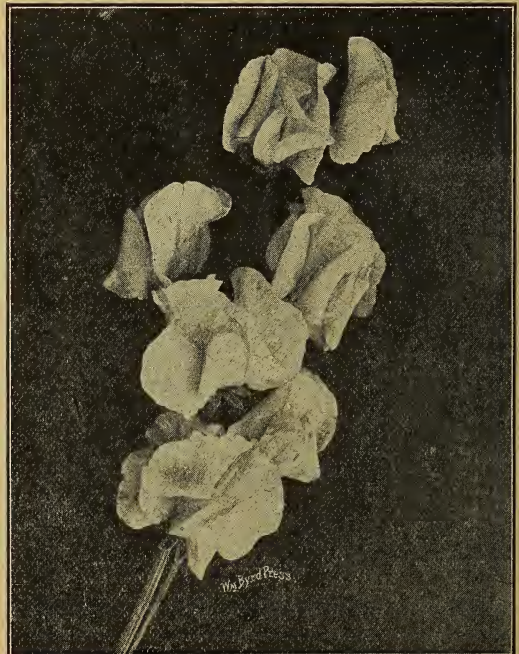
|                       |                      |
|-----------------------|----------------------|
| Asters Mixed, 10 cts. | Nasturtiums, 10 cts. |
| Carnations, 10 cts.   | Pansy, 10 cts.       |
| Chrysanthemums 10 cts | Petunia, 10 cts.     |
| Cosmos, 10 cts.       | Phlox, 10 cts.       |
| Dahlia, 10 cts.       | Salvia, 10 cts.      |
| Geraniums, 10 cts.    | Verbena, 10 cts.     |

## Spencer Type Sweet Pea

We have made this type our specialty, and have had the greatest success with same. The BLOOMFIELD BLEND of selected mixed SPENCER type cannot be improved upon. This is an assortment of the principal types and colors of the individual varieties.

Nearly every one has their own pet formula for growing sweet pea, but the following directions will help:

**Culture.**—Run your rows east to west if possible; open up trenches very deep 5 feet apart; after your trenches are opened fill half full with well rotted stable manure or rich soil. Now you can lay out two rows in each trench 6 to 8 inches apart, and plant the double rows. Cover with rich soil and press soil down firmly. Use one ounce of seed to twenty feet of row. If they come too thick, thin out to four inches apart. Cultivate well and do not allow the soil to become hard.





**BLOOMFIELD SPENCER MIXED.**—A variety that gives you practically all of the desired colors and shapes of the Spencer strain, the best selection possible. Price, pkt., 10 cts.; oz., 25 cts.;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., 75 cts.; lb., \$2.50.

**GRANDIFLORA MIXED.**—An assortment of the various colors and best varieties of the ordinary sweet pea. An excellent sweet pea, but does not compare with the Spencer type. Price, pkt., 5 cts.; oz., 15 cts.;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., 50 cts.; lb., \$1.50 postpaid.

## LEEK

Similar to onions in flavor, being of the same family of plants, but does not form a thick bulb.

**Culture.**—Sow in fall or spring, in rich ground, or seed bed about one-half inch deep, and when plants are large enough to handle transplant to rows one foot apart and four inches in the drill. Hill up as they grow to blanch the stems. One ounce will sow 100 feet of drill.

Price, pkt., 10 cts.; oz., 20 cts.;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., 75 cts.; lb., \$2.50 postpaid.

## LAWN GRASS

We have studied conditions in our section with the idea of offering the best variety and grade of lawn grass suitable for our dry and hot climates which we have during certain seasons.

**BLOOMFIELD EVERGREEN LAWN GRASS.**

—This is the best and most satisfactory lawn grass for our section, and is composed of various grasses that are suitable for all seasons, thereby giving a green lawn the year round. Above variety will form a deep rich green in a few weeks time where properly planted and fertilized. Price, qt., 25 cts.; pk., \$1.50; bu., \$5.00.

**BLOOMFIELD IMPROVED ITALIAN RYE GRASS (For Winter Lawns).**—We recommend

this grass for winter lawns in the South Atlantic section, and especially in this State and South Georgia. It has proved most satisfactory, and you will see thousands of lawns planted in this grass. Ask for our improved variety. Price, lb., 25 cts.; 10 lbs., 15 cts.; 50 lbs., 14 cts. per lb.

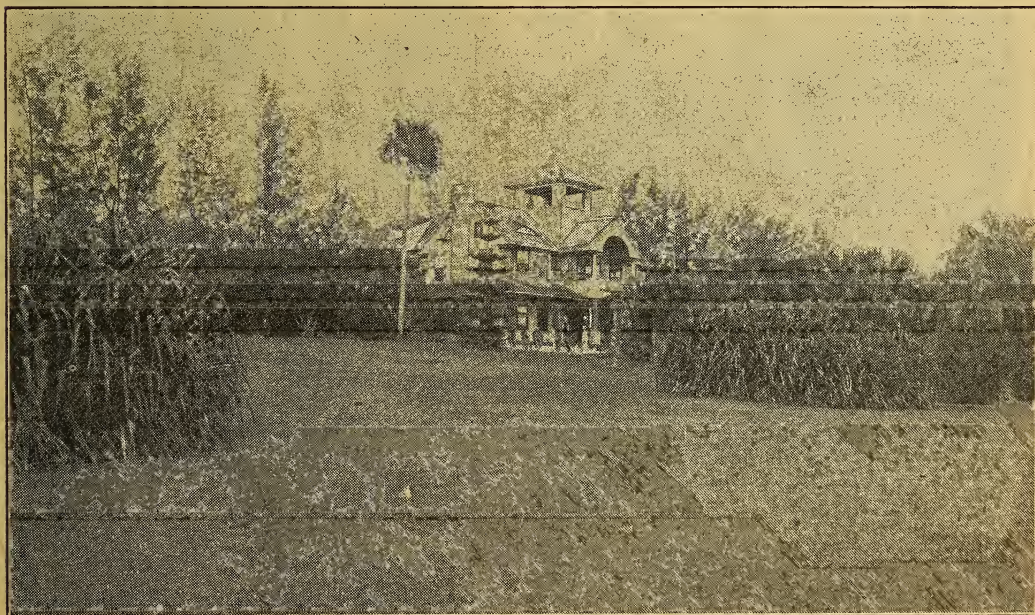
## MUSTARD



Grown to quite a large extent in our Southern section, and used like Spinach or Turnip greens. Will come in very quickly after planting. Sow in good rich soil in drills  $1\frac{1}{2}$  feet apart.

**SOUTHERN GIANT CURLED.**—The most popular variety, and the kind usually planted. Is a crimped or frilled variety, producing large leaves, which are desired. Price, pkt., 10 cts.; oz., 15 cts.;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., 35 cts.; lb., \$1.00 postpaid.

**CHINESE SMOOTH LEAF.**—Large leafed variety. Leaves not crimped or curled as other varieties; very desirable and easily prepared for table use. Price, pkt., 10 cts.; oz., 15 cts.;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., 35 cts.; lb., \$1.00 postpaid.



A Florida Lawn of Bermuda Grass.





Mammoth Silver Skin.

## ONIONS

One of the most popular vegetables, and can be grown in every garden; can be raised with little effort, either from the seed or from sets.

Quantities of onions are shipped into our State yearly when same could be grown to better advantage in our own section.

**Culture.**—Plant from October 1st until January, October and November being the best months for planting out the sets. The seed can be planted in hot beds and then transplanted, or can be sown in the drill and thinned out so that they stand three to four inches apart.

Our seed are imported every year, and arrive in September. Any seed handled before this time are old stock seed and absolutely worthless.

**WHITE BERMUDA.**—The standard variety for market crops; also a popular home use variety. The name is misleading, as this is not a strictly white skin, but straw colored. Price, pkt., 10 cts.; oz., 25 cts.;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., 75 cts.; lb., \$2.50 postpaid.

**WHITE CRYSTAL WAX.**—A very early variety making a large white onion, and many claim that the Crystal Wax is superior to the White or straw colored Bermuda. Our seed grown for us in the Teneriffe Islands by an experienced grower. This variety has all the desirable qualities of the White or straw colored Bermuda with a better appearance. Price, pkt., 10 cts.; oz., 40 cts.;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., \$1.00; lb., \$3.50.

**MAMMOTH SILVER KING.**—Large white Italian variety weighing from three to four pounds each. Make a fine crop in the Southern States; flavor is very mild and can be eaten with salt like an apple. Price, pkt., 10 cts.; oz., 50 cts.;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., \$1.50; lb., \$5.00.

**AUSTRALIAN BROWN.**—A popular variety for spring planting in the South; medium size, skin a deep brown color. Price, pkt., 10 cts.; oz., 25 cts.;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., \$1.00; lb., \$3.50.

## ONION SETS

Sold only by weight. Our stock of sets begin to arrive from our Northern growing station about the last of September or the first of October. Where ordered by mail add ten cents per quart for postage.

**Culture.**—Plant out in rows 18 inches apart, 4 inches in the drill, about one-half inch deep. Plant from October until March. We offer the following varieties of sets:

|                       | Quart. | Peck.  | Bushel. |
|-----------------------|--------|--------|---------|
| White Bermuda.....    | \$ .20 | \$1.00 | \$3.50  |
| Silver Skin .....     | .20    | 1.00   | 3.50    |
| Yellow Denver.....    | .20    | 1.00   | 3.25    |
| Red .....             | .20    | 1.00   | 3.25    |
| White Multiplier..... | .20    | 1.00   | 3.50    |

## OKRA

A warm weather plant that can be planted from February to September. Have rows three feet apart and sow thickly in the drills; when large enough thin out to about a foot apart. One ounce will sow 50 feet of drill. A vegetable very popular in the Southern States, and does well, making a large yield through a long stretch of time.

**PERKINS MAMMOTH PODDED.**—The productiveness of above variety is wonderful; the pods begin shooting out from the stalk about three inches from the ground, and the whole plant will be covered with them. A good variety for canning purposes. Price, oz., 10 cts.;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., 25 cts.; lb., 75 cts. postpaid.

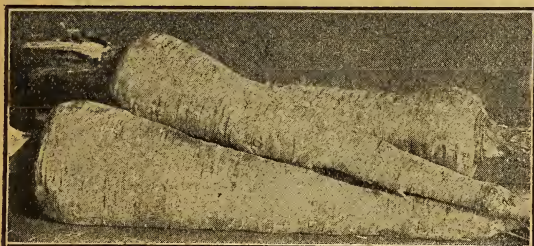
**LONG GREEN.**—A variety especially recommended for marketing, being very prolific, and the pods stay tender for a long time. Price, oz., 10 cts.;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., 25 cts.; lb., 75 cts. postpaid.

**WHITE VELVET.**—A well known and highly popular smooth podded variety; the pods are very large and produce in abundance. A great favorite for table use. Price, oz., 10 cts.;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., 25 cts.; lb., 75 cts. postpaid.



Perkins Mammoth Podded Okra.





Hollow Crown Parsnips.

## PARSNIPS

One of our best winter vegetables and can be easily grown. Sow as early in the fall as the weather permits. Parsnips germinate slowly, and do better in well worked ground.

**Culture.**—Sow in rows 15 to 18 inches apart, and cover about one-fourth inch deep. One ounce of seed will sow about 100 feet of drill.

## ENGLISH or GARDEN PEAS

Peas are readily grown and on almost any kind of soil where same is made rich. The hard round peas are the hardiest, and can be planted early, say a week or two weeks ahead of the wrinkled varieties.

**Culture.**—The early varieties should be planted in rows 3 or 4 feet apart, and covered two inches deep. Plant in the spring as soon as the ground can be worked. For fall use plant the early varieties in September and from then on.

The wrinkled varieties are not as hardy, and should be covered a little deeper, about three inches. Plant two weeks later. For a succession plant about every two weeks. It requires from 1½ to 2 bushels per acre to plant. One pint will plant about 50 feet of row.

**ALASKA.**—Popular with growers for early market, a hardy variety, and a sure cropper. Also a good canning variety. Price, pt., 25 cts.; qt., 50 cts.; pk., \$4.00.

**GRADUS, or PROSPERITY.**—A wrinkled variety almost as early as the round pea. An improvement among the wrinkled varieties, and a decided success. Vines grow about two feet tall, but do not need staking. Price, pt., 35 cts.; qt., 60 cts.; pk., \$4.50.

**IMPROVED TELEPHONE.**—A good variety of the tall growing variety. Grows 5 to 6 feet tall, and excellent for the market or garden. Must be brushed or staked. A very productive type, of an excellent flavor. Price, pt., 35 cts.; qt., 60 cts.; pk., \$4.50.

**THOMAS LAXTON.**—Almost as early as the early smooth varieties; also a reliable heavy bearer, producing large dark green pods well filled. A very fine flavor. Price, pt., 35 cts.; qt., 60 cts.; pk., \$4.50.

**BLOOMFIELD FROST-PROOF ALL-WINTER TABLE PEA.**—An exclusive offering of our own, having originated in this county many years ago. This particular variety is one of the best for garden and table use that we have ever seen. Discriminating gardeners who have used same will have no other.

**SUGAR, or HOLLOW CROWN.**—The best variety, making long white smooth roots, tender and finely flavored. Can be dug in the fall or left in the ground through the winter. Price, pkt., 10 cts.; oz., 15 cts.; ¼ lb., 50 cts.

## PARSLEY

Parsley is easily grown, only it takes several weeks for it to come up. Often it takes the seed so long to germinate that you begin to think that the seed are no good. Give them plenty of time before digging up. It is a good idea to soak the seed several hours before planting, which hastens germination.

**Culture.**—Sow early in the spring in rows one foot apart one-half inch deep.

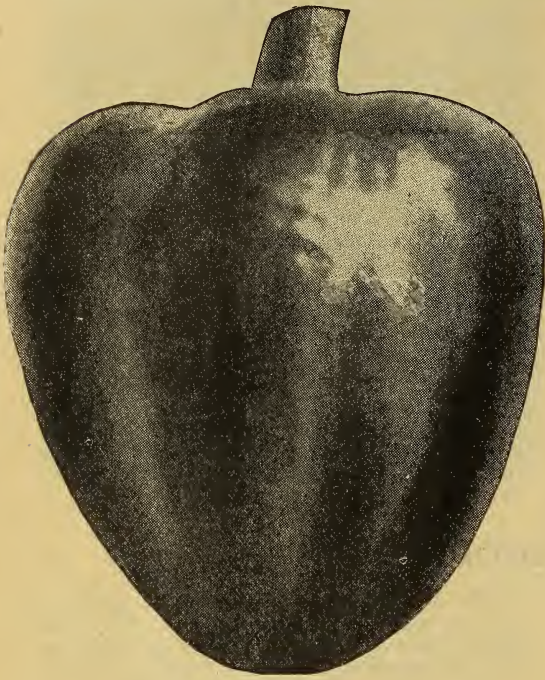
**MOSS CURLED.**—A very fine strain and is beautifully curled and crimped. The best variety for seasoning. Cut when three inches high, it starts a new growth. Price, pkt., 10 cts.; oz., 15 cts.; ¼ lb., 40 cts.; lb., \$1.25.

It is a bush pea and bears a succession of pods throughout the winter months. You can supply nearby markets with peas from this variety throughout the season. Takes an unusually heavy cold to kill the blooms, and if same are killed it puts on another heavy crop immediately, and continues in this manner. We do not know of another source where you can obtain seed, as we grow our own supply on our Seed Farms. For a successful crop have your land well fertilized with stable manure where possible. Plant in the same manner as the smooth variety of English pea. Plant in October. Price, pt., 25 cts.; qt., 50 cts.; pk., \$3.50.



Improved Telephone.





## PEPPER

A splendid crop, both as a money proposition and planted in every garden. Peppers have increased in popularity, especially the large sweet peppers, and there is always a demand for same both locally and in foreign markets.

**Culture.**—Plants can be grown in the open field where they are to remain, or in seed beds and transplanted.

Sow in the early spring in North and Central Florida; in South Florida plant in protected beds in October, November and December. Make rows three feet apart and set out the plants 20 inches apart. Cultivate as directed for Egg-Plant. Pepper plants can be transplanted after they are blooming without ill effects.

**RUBY KING.**—A large mild sweet pepper, a heavy bearer, of excellent flavor and very mild. The most popular variety and most generally planted by our Florida growers. Price, pkt., 10 cts.; oz., 50 cts.;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., \$2.00; lb., \$7.50 postpaid.

**LARGE BELL, or BULL NOSE.**—A standard variety, large and well flavored, not quite as sweet in flavor as the Ruby King; very popular among the growers. Price, pkt., 10 cts.; oz., 50 cts.;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., \$2.00; lb., \$7.50 postpaid.

**CHINESE GIANT.**—A very large variety, measuring 12 to 15 inches in circumference, 4 to 5 inches long. Very early and prolific; flesh is thick, tender and mild. Price, pkt., 10 cts.; oz., 50 cts.;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., \$2.00; lb., \$7.50 postpaid.

## IRISH POTATOES

### OUR MAINE-GROWN SEED.

Are all especially grown for seed purposes in the best seed potato growing districts, and are much superior to the average stocks.

We do a tremendous business in seed potatoes

in the South and supply some of the largest growers of potatoes for the market with seed.

We have acquired the best reputation for quality, productiveness and satisfactory results and it will pay you to get in touch with us along this line.

We handle in car lots direct from the growers and are in position to offer you to advantage in any quantity from one bag to car shipments.

Our Seed Potatoes begin to arrive in December for spring planting, and we have them in stock throughout the season.

**WRITE US FOR PRICES** when wanted, as prices have not been made when this catalogue goes to press about January 15th.

**Varieties:** TRIUMPH or RED BLISS, EARLY ROSE, IRISH COBBLER, SPAULDING'S ROSE NO. 4.

## LATE SEED POTATOES FOR AUGUST AND SEPTEMBER PLANTING.

We usually have carried over for us in cold storage the suitable variety of seed potatoes for late planting. We shall take pleasure in quoting any of our customers on special quantities and varieties that we can supply on request. Market conditions are such this season that we are unable to offer at the time this catalogue goes to press.

## PUMPKIN

**Culture.**—Pumpkins do not require as rich soil as some vegetables, as cucumbers or melons, but the better the land the larger the pumpkins. Plant in hills 8 to 10 feet apart, 8 to 10 seed per hill. Two pounds of seed will plant an acre.

A good way to plant is to plant between the corn rows in every fourth row at the same time that corn is planted.

**KING OF THE MAMMOTH.**—A very large variety, of excellent keeping qualities, well adapted to the South, and although huge in size it is of high quality. Price, pkt., 10 cts.; oz., 25 cts.;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., 50 cts.; lb., \$1.50 postpaid.

**LARGE YELLOW.**—Very large and of good flavor, adapted for cooking purposes; also fine for stock. Price, pkt., 10 cts.; oz., 20 cts.;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., 50 cts.; lb., \$1.50 postpaid.

**CASHAW, CROOKNECK.**—Cultivated for table use in the South. Flesh is fine grained yellow and very sweet. Extensively used for baking and pies. Price, pkt., 10 cts.; oz., 25 cts.;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., 50 cts.; lb., \$1.50 postpaid.



Irish Cobbler Potatoes.





Early Scarlet Turnip Radish.

## RADISH

**Culture.**—Sow in any average garden soil early, as soon in the spring and fall as you can work the ground. Radish will make in almost all seasons in the South, and is a popular crop among the gardeners.

One ounce will sow 100 feet of drill.

**BRIGHT LONG SCARLET.**—A very popular variety, has a short top, and the root is bright scarlet, long and smooth. Price, pkt., 5 cts.; oz., 15 cts.;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., 40 cts.; lb., \$1.50 postpaid.

**FRENCH BREAKFAST.**—A standard variety of olive shape, bright red with a white tip, very early; planted both by market and individual gardeners to a great extent. Price, pkt., 5 cts.; oz., 15 cts.;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., 40 cts.; lb., \$1.50 postpaid.

**LONG WHITE ICICLE.**—A long radish with white skin; it is remarkable in making such a rapid growth; is ready for use in less than 30 days. Price, pkt., 5 cts.; oz., 15 cts.;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., 40 cts.; lb., \$1.50 postpaid.

**ROSE CHINA WINTER.**—Largely planted for use in the winter, of a bright scarlet color, half long in shape, with finely grained smooth white flesh. Price, pkt., 5 cts.; oz., 15 cts.;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., 40 cts.; lb., \$1.50 postpaid.

**EARLY RED or SCARLET TURNIP.**—Roots are round and small shaped, like a turnip, remain in the ground for a good while in perfect condition. Price, pkt., 5 cts.; oz., 15 cts.;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., 40 cts.; lb., \$1.50 postpaid.

## SAGE

Fine for flavoring. It is a great convenience to have this plant growing in your garden or on your farm, as it often comes in very nicely.

Price, qt., 25 cts.; pk., \$1.50; bu., \$5.00.

## RICE

We are making a great mistake by not planting more rice in our State, and in the Southern section, as rice does well here, where you plant the proper seed. We know of a number of progressive farmers and planters who grow all of the rice they use, and supply their neighbors with same.

We beg to say that rice growing is no experiment in our State, and we would like to see more of this commodity grown here instead of being shipped in by the train load. We advise every planter to put in a small acreage in rice, and we advise the following variety for our upland:

**Culture.**—Prepare the ground thoroughly and drill about one-half bushel per acre in  $2\frac{1}{2}$  foot rows. Cultivate for moisture and keep down the weeds. Plant in March and April, and it ripens in August and September.

**PEARL, or WHITE RICE.**—This is a highland rice, suitable for Florida and adjacent sections. Price, qt., 25 cts.; pk., \$1.50; bu., \$5.00.

## SPINACH

Should be grown in every garden for greens. Very cheap and easily cultivated.

**Culture.**—Sow in the spring and fall in drills 18 inches apart, and cover about one inch deep or either sow broadcast. One ounce will sow 100 feet of drill, or 25 to 30 pounds per acre broadcast.

**CURLED NORFOLK SAVOY.**—An early and very hardy variety, producing leaves like the Savoy cabbage. Price, oz., 20 cts.;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., 50 cts.; lb., \$1.50 postpaid.

**LONG SEASON.**—A good variety for either fall or spring sowing; stands the dry weather well, and is a very popular variety. Price, oz., 20 cts.;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., 50 cts.; lb., \$1.50 postpaid.

## SWISS CHARD

The stalks when cooked and served like Asparagus make a delicious salad. The leaves can be prepared like Spinach or Turnip greens. 10 cts.;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., 30 cts.; lb., \$1.00 postpaid.

**Culture.**—Sow early in the spring, and it yields salad all the summer.

### MAKE A GARDEN.

It will feed you and help America in supplying food to her allies.

Help Win the War.



## SQUASH

Consist of two varieties, the Summer and the Winter. The Winter squash is one of our finest vegetables and should always be grown. The Summer squash should be used when about one-half grown.

**Culture.**—For bush varieties have the rows four feet apart, with hills three feet in the drill. The Winter varieties have 8 to 10. Drop 8 to 10 seed per hill. The land should be well fertilized right in the hill with well rotted stable manure where possible.

**EARLY WHITE BUSH, or PATTY PAN.**—A very prolific variety and an extra good shipper; also used principally for private gardens. Color is light green. Price, pkt., 5 cts.; oz., 10 cts.;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., 35 cts.; lb., \$1.25 postpaid.

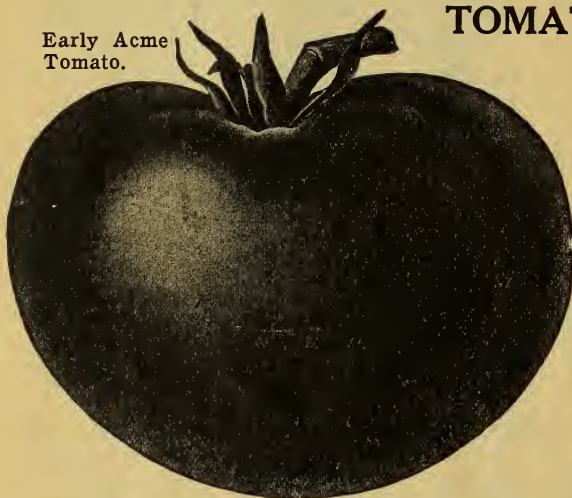
**MAMMOTH WHITE BUSH.**—Practically the same variety as the early white bush, only a little later and much larger. Price, pkt., 5 cts.; oz., 10 cts.;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., 35 cts.; lb., \$1.25 postpaid.

**GIANT SUMMER CROCKNECK.**—An old-time variety, grown extensively; very productive and comes in early. Price, pkt., 5 cts.; oz., 10 cts.;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., 35 cts.; lb., \$1.25 postpaid.

**HUBBARD.**—One of the best and very widely grown winter varieties. Large and heavy with bright orange flesh, sweet and richly flavored. A fine keeper. Price, pkt., 5 cts.; oz., 10 cts.;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., 35 cts.; lb., \$1.25 postpaid.

**BOSTON MARROW.**—A fall squash, and can be stored for later use. The flesh is bright yellow, fine grained, and of a delicious flavor. Price, pkt., 5 cts.; oz., 10 cts.;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., 35 cts.; lb., \$1.25 postpaid.

Early Acme Tomato.



## TOMATOES

Easy to Grow Good Tomatoes if Your Seed Are the Right Kind.

Be sure that your Tomato seed are saved from tomatoes that are grown for seed purposes only, and not from the left-over tomatoes from a canning plant.

Our seed are grown for us by strictly reliable growers of many years experience in the business.

**Culture.**—Sow in hot beds in the early spring or in shallow boxes and transplanted to the field, setting the plants 3 to 4 feet apart each way. When transplanted puddle the plants and shade them a few days until the roots begin to catch hold.

The ground should be well broken and fertilized before setting out the plants. One ounce of seed will make 1500 plants, or  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb. of seed will furnish plants enough for one acre.

**LIVINGSTON'S PERFECTION.**—A handsome early, perfectly smooth tomato, bright red in color. The skin is tough and the fruit solid. Fine for market use; also garden. Price, pkt., 10 cts.; oz., 25 cts.;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., 90 cts.; lb., \$3.50 postpaid.

**JUNE PINK.**—A new variety; very early and of medium size. Round smooth and very solid; color a bright pink. A good shipper. Price, pkt., 10 cts.; oz., 25 cts.;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., 90 cts.; lb. \$3.50

**LIVINGSTON'S GLOBE.**—A most popular variety with Florida shippers; very early; the fruit is smooth and solid; productive, being short jointed, and clusters of fruit form at each joint. Price, pkt., 10 cts.; oz., 25 cts.;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., 90 cts.; lb., \$3.50 postpaid.

**LIVINGSTON'S FAVORITE.**—Large bright red tomato, suitable for gardens and nearby markets; very prolific and free from cracks. Price, pkt., 10 cts.; oz., 25 cts.;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., 90 cts.; lb., \$3.50 postpaid.

**NEW STONE.**—One of the old standard varieties that has always given satisfaction, and there is a doubt if there has ever been a variety quite as satisfactory, although a number of improved sorts have been heard from. This is an early large bright red tomato. Price, pkt., 10 cts.; oz., 20 cts.;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., 75 cts.; lb., \$2.50 postpaid.

**SPARKS EARLIANA.**—More largely grown for the early market than any other variety. The earliest of all the smooth round varieties. Flesh solid, of fine quality. Price, pkt., 10 cts.; oz., 20 cts.;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., 75 cts.; lb., \$2.50 postpaid.

**CHALK'S EARLY JEWEL.**—Very early in maturity, coming in just after Spark's Earliana. A heavy cropper with large solid fruit. A hardy vigorous grower, admitting of early setting in the field. Price, pkt., 10 cts.; oz., 25 cts.;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., 90 cts.; lb., \$3.50 postpaid.

**EARLY ACME.**—An excellent first-early variety, dark red in color and a good shipper. Price, pkt., 10 cts.; oz., 25 cts.;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., 90 cts.; lb. \$3.50 postpaid.

**PONDEROSA.**—The most popular garden variety, and the largest tomato grown, bright red, flesh very solid and well flavored. Price, pkt., 10 cts.; oz., 25 cts.;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., \$1.00; lb., \$3.75.

**JOHN BAER.**—Earliest variety that can be planted. Has a bright red color and produces large solid fruit suitable for shipping purposes. Will produce an enormous crop and ripens very early. This variety of tomato seed sold two years ago for \$25.00 per lb. A very popular tomato among the truckers who grow for the market. Our seed grown for us by the most reliable source in the United States. Price, pkt., 10 cts.; oz., 25 cts.;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., 90 cts.; lb. \$3.50 postpaid.



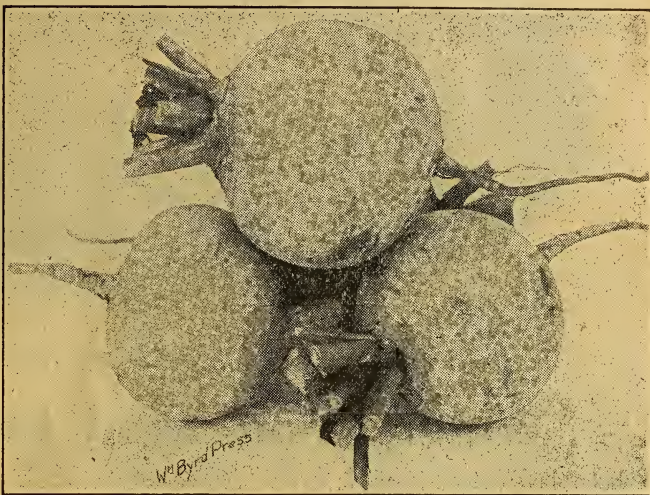
## TURNIPS and RUTABAGA

Turnips are very easily grown, and every family should plant this vegetable. Spring plantings of turnips is also important and are ready for use very early in the fall.

**Culture.**—For fall or winter use, sow from July to September, either broadcast or in drills. One ounce will sow 400 feet of drill. Make the ground rich and seed will make a quick start. When sown in drills thin out as soon as the plants are large enough to handle. Turnips are very fine for stock feeding as well as table use.

**WHITE EGG.**—An oval shape white turnip, finely flavored. Looks well when bunched for market. Ready for use in six weeks. Price, oz., 15 cts.;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., 50 cts.; lb. \$1.50 postpaid.

**EARLY FLAT DUTCH.**—A popular variety for either spring or fall plantings. Flat medium size variety of quick growth. Price, oz., 15 cts.;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., 50 cts.; lb., \$1.50 postpaid.



White Globe Turnip.

**WHITE GLOBE.**—Grows to a large size, globe shaped; flesh is white and sweet. Price, oz., 15 cts.;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., 50 cts.; lb., \$1.50 postpaid.

**SOUTHERN PRIZE, or DIXIE.**—A hardy variety, used largely for greens in the South. Roots are also valuable. Price, oz., 15 cts.;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., 50 cts.; lb., \$1.50 postpaid.

**LONG WHITE COW HORN.**—Pure white, of rapid growth; resist drouth better than most varieties; excellent flavor. Price, oz., 15 cts.;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., 50 cts.; lb., \$1.50 postpaid.

**RUTABAGA.**—American purple top. One of the finest of all Rutabagas; sweet and tender, and a very heavy cropper. Price, oz., 25 cts.;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., 75 cts.; lb., \$2.50 postpaid.



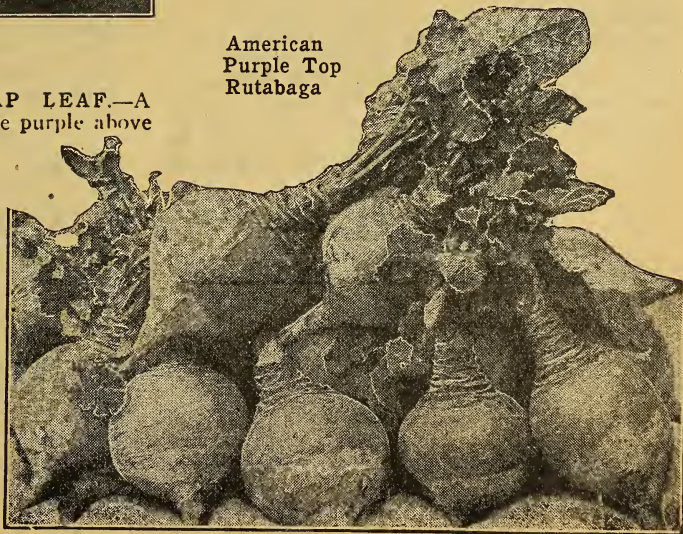
Purple Top Milan.

**EARLY PURPLE TOP STRAP LEAF.**—A good early flat turnip. Roots are purple above the ground. A quick grower, finely flavored. Price, oz., 15 cts.;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., 50 cts.; lb., \$1.50.

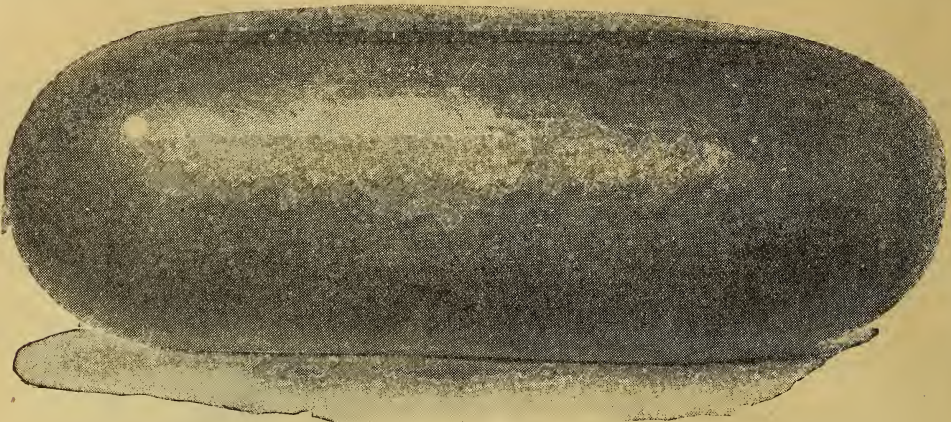
**EXTRA EARLY PURPLE TOP MILAN.**—Earliest of all varieties. A flat purple top variety, fine for market use. Price, oz., 25 cts.;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., 75 cts.; lb., \$2.50.

**PURPLE TOP GLOBE.**—Our most popular variety for general planting. Globe shaped and a heavy cropper; medium early. Price, oz., 15 cts.;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., 50 cts.; lb., \$1.50 postpaid.

American  
Purple Top  
Rutabaga







Tom Watson Watermelon.

## Watermelon Seed Our Specialty

We Are the Largest Growers of Watermelon Seed in the World. We Plant Hundreds of Acres to Watermelons Each Year for Seed Purposes Only. Not a Melon Shipped From Our Fields.  
**MORE THAN 2,000 ACRES IN CULTIVATION THIS YEAR.**

For Seed Purposes Only.

Under the Personal Supervision of Our Expert Seed Grower and Breeder. Our Varieties True to Name and Type.

### PLANT GOOD SEED.

Do not plant inferior seed from careless and irresponsible growers; it does not pay. Do not sacrifice QUALITY for PRICE. Rather than plant a large acreage from cheap seed, plant a smaller acreage in good seed; it will pay you every time. A few extra cents put on the purchase price of your planting stock will pay you a big profit when you harvest and sell your crop.

### OUR "MONTICELLO BRAND" WATERMELON SEED.

We are going to make it a fact that wherever our "Monticello Brand" watermelon seed are planted there will you find splendid types of melons true to name and variety and of the highest quality.

Our "Monticello Brand" seed will be carefully selected from only good types of melons true to name and variety. We will spare no expense in time, labor and trouble to have our watermelon seed the best that can be grown.

### VARIETIES THAT WE GROW:

Tom Watson,  
 Kleckley Sweet,  
 Alabama Sweet,  
 Georgia Rattlesnake,  
 Kolb Gem,  
 Sweetheart,  
 Peerless or Ice Cream,

Harris Early,  
 Coles Early,  
 Cuban Queen,  
 Halbert Honey,  
 Fordhook Early,  
 Dixie,

Excell,  
 Hungarian Honey,  
 Duke Jones,  
 Florida Favorite,  
 Mt. Sweet,  
 Triumph,

Golden Sweet,  
 Wonderful Sugar,  
 Dark Icing,  
 Light Icing,  
 Pearson,  
 Bradford.

Prices, Oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 15c; lb., 75c; 10 lbs., 60c per lb., postpaid.

WRITE FOR PRICES IN LARGE LOTS.

## SPECIAL STOCK OF TOM WATSON

IN SEALED CARTONS AND BAGS UNDER OUR TRADE MARK "MONTICELLO BRAND"  
 NOT GENUINE UNLESS SEALED AND BRANDED.

We often have calls from very particular growers and planters for the TOM WATSON variety of seed that have been saved from the center only of the very largest melons in a field. In selecting this grade of seed we use only melons of the most perfect types and the largest size. To supply this demand we have decided to save a few thousand pounds yearly. You readily understand that seed saved in this method are a great deal of expense, and we let only our experienced growers who have had twenty-five years experience and more do this work. But after taking the quality of your crop into consideration we believe that you will see the advantage of planting this grade of seed.

WE CAN SUPPLY ONLY A LIMITED QUANTITY.

Prices.—1 lb. Carton (Sealed) at \$1.00, postpaid; 5-lb. Bags (Sealed) at \$4.50, postpaid; 10-lb. Bags (Sealed) at \$8.50, delivered.

25 pounds and up of this special stock seed of TOM WATSON at 75c per lb. F. O. B. Monticello.



# GRAINS & GRASSES

## *General List of Grain and Grass Seed Suitable for the Southern Section*

PRICES VARY ACCORDING TO THE OUTPUT ON ALL FIELD SEED, AND WE WILL MAKE YOU LOWEST MARKET PRICES EACH SEASON. WRITE US. THE PRICES BELOW PREVAILED WHEN THIS CATALOGUE WENT TO PRESS.

### VELVET BEANS

Makes an Enormous Growth for Forage, also Worth Millions to the South as a Soil Builder, Besides Its Value as a Fall and Winter Feeding Crop.

We have made experiments with all varieties, and have sifted them all down to the following three species, which we should plant in the South:

#### **EARLY SPECKLED, or 100 DAY VELVET.—**

The most valuable of all varieties and the general favorite for all sections. This variety is the quickest grower and the most prolific. A wonderful soil builder and forage crop. Matures in from 90 to 100 days. Price, pk., 50 cts.; bu., \$1.75.

#### **FLORIDA SPECKLED or OLD SPECKLED**

—This variety is suitable where you have the season in which to mature same; mostly planted until the Early Speckled makes its appearance. Makes a lot of vine; also beans. Fine for stock. Price, pk., 50 cts.; bu., \$1.75.

**OCEOLA.**—The latest improved Velvet Bean early, very prolific, larger podded than Hundred Day. The dry bean has color of Hundred Day but is nearly flat, kidney-shaped and as large as Chinese. You should try this new one. Price, pk., \$1.00; bu., \$3.50.



### **BEGGARWEED, or FLORIDA CLOVER**

Adapted to our climate and sandy soil. A natural plant, coming from seed each year. Very valuable for a hay crop. Stock prefer it to all other. If it had not been for the Beggar Weed thousands of acres of Florida land would have been completely worn out. Admitted to be one of the best and most valuable land builders known. It would pay to get a crop of Beggar Weed started on your place. Excellent for planting in orange groves in South Florida. A crop of Beggar Weed turned under is equal to an application of high-grade fertilizer.

Sow at the beginning of the summer broadcast, or in the corn rows at the rate of 10 pounds per acre.

Price, lb., 30 cts.; 10 lbs., 25 cts.; 11 lbs., 22½ cts. per lb.

### **BENNE**

A splendid thing to plant around your chicken yards. A tall annual herb, growing 3 to 4 feet high, producing great quantity of seeds. Drill in rows three feet apart as soon as danger of frost is over. Five pounds of seed per acre. Plant to attract wild birds, such as quail.

Price on application.



Soy or Soja Beans.



## MAMMOTH YELLOW SOY BEANS

There are many varieties of the Soy bean, but the Mammoth Yellow is the best suited for the South, being the hardiest grower and the heaviest bearer.

The Soy bean crop is increasing yearly in the South, and is proving of great benefit, both as a soil builder and a feed and forage crop.

Price, qt., 25 cts.; pk., \$1.25; bu., \$4.50.

## CHUFAS

One of the most valuable crops to plant for fattening hogs. With the increasing interest shown in hogs, Chufas should be planted more generally, as there is nothing that will produce more fat so easily. Plant in April to June in rows 2½ feet apart, at the rate of one peck per acre. We have had reports of crops yielding from 200 to 700 bushels per acre.

Price, pk., \$1.25; bu., \$4.50.

## JAPANESE BUCKWHEAT

Entirely distinct from all other varieties. It has the advantage of remaining for some time in bloom, and produces seed earlier. It resists drought and blight very well. The seed is rich dark brown in color and larger than Silver Hull. As much as forty bushels to the acre has been harvested of this variety, making it very profitable to raise. Price, lb., 15 cts.; bu., \$6.00 post-paid.

## WINTER BARLEY

Makes more leafy growth than Rye, Wheat or Oats. Excellent pasture for winter and early spring, as it can be grazed without injury.

Sow at the rate of 1½ bushels per acre during fall or early winter. Price, bu., \$3.50; 5 bu., \$3.25 per bu.

## SOUTHERN BURR CLOVER

Ten pounds per bushel.

Too much cannot be said about this valuable crop, and we are sorry to note that same as not planted throughout our State. We do not know of anything that will improve your land more than a good crop of SOUTHERN BURR CLOVER turned under. It is also one of the most valuable winter grazing crops that we can plant. You can tell the difference in the higher yield of your corn crop where planted on land that is grown to this clover. When once you get a good stand, this clover will reseed itself yearly.

The seed should first be dipped in cold water and then immediately into boiling water for one minute, then back into the original cold water to insure the inoculation germ. The hot water softens the burr, and the germ comes much quicker. Sow in September and October.

Price, bu., \$1.50; 5 bu., \$1.40 per bu.

## CRIMSON CLOVER

Another crop of immense value as a soil builder, used as a cover crop for orchards and fields in the South. Corn or cotton seeded on the same fields will produce much more and without an application of fertilizer. Our open winters allow Crimson Clover to make growth every month, also valuable for hay or grazing during the winter months. Sow in fields that have been cultivated to some crop, and cover shallow in September and October, 10 to 20 pounds per acre.

Price, lb., 25 cts.; 10 lbs., 22 cts.; 100 lbs., 20 cts. per lb.

## LESPEDeza or JAPAN CLOVER

One of the Most Valuable Grazing and Soil Improving Crops.

Lespedeza or Japan Clover is one of the most valuable crops for the entire South. Will make an excellent grazing crop, and every man that raises cattle should plant same.

Does well when sown with oats, and the oats will make as well.

It will succeed if sown broadcast on old pastures, broom sedges, etc.

Do not graze too early the first season, so as to give the seed time to mature and fall in order to have a good stand the coming season.

Sow in the fall or spring at the rate of 25 lbs. per acre alone, or 10 to 15 lbs. per acre when sown with oats, etc.

Price on application.



Crimson Clover.



## SEEDED RIBBON CANE

Every planter who has tried Texas Seeded Ribbon Cane is highly pleased, and for the increasing demand for ensilage crops you can not find a sorghum that will give you better returns. The superiority of this cane over other sorghums is so great that when once grown it will always be planted, whether for forage, ensilage or syrup.

The stalks grow from twelve to sixteen feet high and mature early, being ready to cut and grind the latter part of August, while the common ribbon cane is not ready until October. Cut with the forage on and run through the shredder or cutter, it makes the finest ensilage for all kinds of stock. The yield of syrup is from 250 to 350 gallons per acre, and every farmer should make syrup for his home needs with a surplus to sell this year. Don't be afraid to try it. It will grow anywhere that sorghum will grow and makes you much larger yields, whether planted for forage, ensilage or for syrup. The Seeded Ribbon Cane is sweeter than the Orange, the syrup is of a lighter color (which is preferable) and is as sweet as honey. This cane is a vigorous grower, if planted on good land, and is easily cultivated. In Texas, where a great deal of it is grown, it makes good crops when other sorghums make a failure. In planting for syrup, prepare the ground well and cultivate the same as you would for other sorghums. Broadcasted, you should use about 40 pounds to the acre, or in drills  $3\frac{1}{2}$  feet apart about 8 pounds will be enough to plant an acre. We have the very best seed of Texas Seeded Ribbon Cane that it is possible to get and this is very important to you. Most of this seed sold in the South is badly mixed with the common sorghum. To be sure of the best seed, send direct to us here in Monticello. Price, lb., 25 cts.; 5 lbs., 22 cts; 10 lbs., 20 cts. per lb.



Texas Seeded Ribbon Cane.

## CANADA FIELD PEAS

Use for the same purpose that the cow pea is used in the summer.

Canada Field Peas sown in the fall are one of the best cover crops that can be grown; also excellent for hay and pasture. Resists the cold weather.

They are an excellent leguminous crop, and enrich the soil same as the regular cow pea.

This variety of pea is also fine for the table, and resembles the extra early garden pea, only a little smaller in size.

Sow from September until March at the rate of from one bushel to a bushel and one-half per acre.

Price, pk., \$1.90; bu., \$7.00.

Special price on large lots.

## KAFFIR CORN

The grain makes most nutritious feed, and can be used for both stock and poultry. Kaffir Corn is of vigorous growth and can be cut twice during the season if desired for fodder, and will be found most nutritious and very fattening. When used by itself, use from three-quarters to one bushel per acre, broadcast. It can be sown in connection with cowpeas broadcast at the rate of a peck of Kaffir Corn to a bushel of cowpeas to the acre. Price, lb., 25 cts.; pk., \$1.00; bu., \$3.50.



## MAKE A GARDEN!

It will feed you and help America  
in supplying food to her allies.  
Help win the war.





Field of Natal Grass.

## NATAL GRASS

One of the most valuable new pasture and hay grasses. Has been thoroughly tried in Florida and declared to be the greatest hay crop that can be grown in this State. Equal to Timothy and eaten greedily by all stock. Natal Grass Hay will bring more money on the market than any hay we can save in Florida; in fact, the bankers will lend money on this valuable hay where graded and saved properly.

It is very productive, and affords a number of cuttings in one season, producing two and three tons per acre.

**ABOUT SEED.** Be careful and secure seed that have been properly saved and handled, as there is an art in saving seed. Do not buy seed that have been allowed to SWEAT in the picking bag, as same will not germinate.

Cut when the bloom is just in the red, and be sure your hay is well cured before baling.

Natal Grass does not have to be replanted in this State, but is not a nuisance, as Johnson Grass, and can be easily gotten rid of.

**Culture.**—The seed are very light and fluffy, and should be mixed with wet dirt to sow. Sow and cover very shallow broadcast about 8 to 10 pounds of seed per acre. Plant any months except November, December or January, during a wet spell if possible.

Price,  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., 25 cts.; lb., 75 cts.; 5 lbs., 50 cts. per lb.

## BERMUDA GRASS

A Valuable Grass in the South for Pasture and Hay. Bermuda Grass in the South Is Like Kentucky Blue Grass in the North.

Grows on practically all soils and withstands drouth and extreme heat. Makes a thick interwoven sod and furnishes an abundance of leaves which affords constant grazing throughout the summer months.

It is recommended to plant Bermuda Grass where you want a permanent pasture or hay field, as it is hard to eradicate in the growing crops.

Very difficult to secure a good stand unless you have thoroughly tested seeds.

Plant in February, March and April, at the rate of 8 to 10 pounds of seed per acre on prepared land.

Price, lb., 60 cts.; 10 lbs., 50 cts. per lb.

## SUDAN GRASS

A tall annual grass, growing 6 to 8 feet high when drilled, but when sown broadcast thickly does not grow quite so tall. Every farmer and stock raiser should learn about this wonderful

grass, as it is eaten by all kind of stock, and will produce more hay to the acre than any grass that has ever been introduced. Allows 3 to 4 cuttings, and produces 2 to 5 tons per acre, depending upon the soil.

Can either be drilled at the rate of 2 to 3 pounds per acre in 3 foot rows, or broadcast at the rate of 10 to 20 pounds per acre. Plant from March to August.

Price, lb., 50 cts.; large lots, 35 cts. per lb.



Field of Sudan Grass.



## Permanent Pasture for the South

One of the most valuable assets to a farm is a permanent pasture, and every up-to-date farmer should make one.

One of the best permanent pastures is made from sowing **SOUTHERN BURR CLOVER** and **BERMUDA GRASS**. The clover will give you a winter crop, and the Bermuda will supply the summer grazing crop.

Plowing the land will not hurt the Bermuda Grass at the time you should sow the Southern Burr Clover, or vice versa. Sow at the rate of 10 pounds each per acre.

We advise every farmer and cattleman if they have not a permanent pasture to make one before another season passes.

## OATS

The oat crop in the South is getting to be a most important one in two ways, both as a feed crop and as a money crop. Unheard-of yields are being reported, and a ready market for cash is available.

Farmers are beginning to learn that any old seed picked up from general stores and grain houses wont do to depend on for a crop.

**ALL OF OUR SEED ARE SOUTHERN GROWN, AND CAN BE DEPENDED ON TO BE RELIABLE.**

**Culture.**—Prepare your land thoroughly in October, and after same has been broken run over with a disc harrow.

You can either drill your oats or sow broadcast in October, November, December, January. We recommend using two bushels per acre.

**FULGHUM.**—A beard'ess variety that is very early and makes an enormous yield per acre.

We have heard very extravagant claims made for this variety, but don't believe that any have been overdrawn. It is as early as the Burt oat, and ten days before the Appler. On good land this variety will yield 75 to 90 bushels per acre. Rust proof.

Price, pk., 50 cts.; bu., \$1.75; 5 bu., \$1.65 per bu.

**BURT or 90 DAY OAT.**—A very early variety and matures quickly. Can be planted later than most varieties. A very sure cropper.

Price, bu., \$1.40; 5 bu., \$1.25 per bu.



Fulghum Oats.



German Millet

**TEXAS RUST PROOF.**—This variety is entirely resistant to rust, producing quickly and very heavy yields on suitable soil. Excellent for hay and sheaf oats. Price, bu., \$1.25; 5 bu., \$1.10 per bu.

**HASTINGS HUNDRED BUSHEL OATS.**—A very popular variety, said to be rust proof and very early. As the name shows, this variety is very prolific. Price, bu., \$1.50; 5 bu., \$1.25 per bu.

**WINTER TURF, or GRAZING OAT.**—One of the surest winter pastures of anything we know of. If planted in September and October will be ready to graze in December and January. This variety will stool out enormously, spread and mat the ground. After the grazing is stopped the oats will come out and make a crop of oats. Price, bu., \$1.50; 5 bu., \$1.35 per bu.

## MILLET

**CATTAIL or PEARL.**—Yields enormous quantities of green forage. May be cut 4 or 5 times in one season. On rich soil will attain a height of 10 to 12 feet. After cutting it stools enormously, the plants becoming much thicker. Drill in three foot rows 5 lbs. per acre. Plant in the spring as late as August. Price, lb., 25 cts.; 10 lbs., 20 cts. per lb.

**GERMAN MILLET.**—For a quick growing hay crop there is nothing better. Plant seed very thickly in order that the stalks will grow close together, as then they will not be so coarse. Plant in March and April, and for a second crop in July and August. May also be used as green forage. Price, pk., 90 cts.; bu., \$3.50.

## YELLOW MILO MAIZE

This makes a quick, succulent growth of forage, very nutritious and of splendid milk-producing qualities. This, like the sorghums, can be cut over two or three times, where it is desired to cut it for green forage. Also makes excellent ensilage, or can be cured same as other sorghums. Price, lb., 15 cts.; 5 lbs, 12 cts. per lb.





Field of Brabham Cow Peas.

## COW PEAS

One of the greatest soil improvers and economy crop of the farmers. Excellent for hay and as a summer catch crop. There is no leguminous crop that will build up the land or increase the production of various products quicker than a crop of cow peas turned under. Excellent for planting in the Pecan groves of North Florida, or in fact any section.

**Culture.**—Cow peas may be sown any time from March to September, either broadcast or in drills. One to two bushels per acre for broadcasting; two to three pecks for drilling.

**PRICES ON COW PEAS VARY ALMOST WEEKLY. WE WILL BE GLAD TO QUOTE SPECIAL PRICES ON FIVE BUSHEL LOTS AND UP DELIVERED YOUR STATION.**

**BRABHAM.**—This is the most valuable pea today in America. On account of its size one bushel will go as far as a bushel and one-half of the larger varieties of the cow pea. A two-crop pea; wilt-resistant and unusually hardy. Makes a good growth of green forage or hay on poor soil. One grower says, "My field of Brabhams made a huge amount of vines which I cut for hay, and the second crop came which made a full crop of peas." Price on application.

**IRON.**—A very favorable rival of the Brabham in its good qualities and recommended particularly for its soil building qualities, besides producing a large amount of vines for hay. Absolutely immune from wilt or root diseases. You can make no mistake by planting this variety. Price on application.

**WHIPPOORWILL.**—One of the four best varieties. Not as much vine but more peas and extremely early, bearing very thickly a number of yellow pods filled with peas. Price on application.

**CLAY.**—An old-time variety producing more peas and not as much vine. Price on application.

**MIXED VARIETIES.**—Where wanted for the vines as a hay crop, we recommend this variety; also advantageous as a soil improver. Our mixed peas are composed of the best Southern varieties. Price on application.

## PEANUTS

Peanuts are being recognized more and more as a profitable crop where the right varieties are planted. A sandy loam soil is the best.

**Culture.**—Prepare the ground well and lay off 3½ foot rows, dropping 16 to 18 inches apart, two kernels to the hill. Cultivate thoroughly and keep the land as nearly level as possible.

In the South peanuts are planted to a great extent between the corn rows, which is an excellent idea. One bushel is sufficient to plant an acre. Plant from April to July.

**NORTH CAROLINA (25 lbs. per bu.)**—Sometimes called Florida Peanuts. A small running variety, but larger than the small Spanish with more oil. A good variety to use for feeding hogs. Price, pk., 75 cts.; bu., \$2.25; 5 bu., \$2.00 per bu.

**SPANISH (25 lbs. per bu.)**—This variety is very largely used in the South as a forage and fattening crop. Very early to mature, very productive, and in the extreme South two crops can be made, the second crop being planted early in July. The nuts are very small and sweet. Price, pk., 75 cts.; bu., \$2.25; 5 bu., \$2.00 per bu.

## WINTER VETCH

A most valuable winter forage crop, especially for dairymen, and cattlemen.

Vetch can be sown from August to December. It is preferable to sow with oats, rye or wheat to hold it up.

Sow at the rate of 25 lbs. to 40 lbs. per acre.

Price, lb., 25 cts; 10 lbs., 22½ cts. per lb.; 100 lbs., 20 cts. per lb.



## DWARF ESSEX RAPE

One of the most valuable forage plants that was ever imported into America. Solves the problem of hog raising to a big extent, and gives you a food product at a time of year that same will be very beneficial to every stockman and hog raiser. It was the universal crop for pasturing sheep, hogs and cattle in England and Germany and Canada before being introduced to the South.

The Florida Experimental Station says we have raised as high as 22 tons to the acre in a single year.

This plant comes in in November and continues until warm weather.

**Culture.**—Prepare the ground by deep plowing and cover same as turnips about one inch deep. The seed germinate quickly, and is ready for pasturing about six weeks after planting. Five to eight pounds per acre broadcasted is sufficient; when drilled, five pounds will be sufficient. Begin sowing in August.

Price, lb., 20 cts.; 50 lbs., 17½ cts.; 100 lbs., 15 cts. per lb.

## EGYPTIAN WHEAT

Plant in rows 3 feet apart, 10 lbs. to the acre, or broadcast 30 lbs. per acre.

A new grain which is creating quite a sensation in the South and West. A letter from one of our Florida customers stated that this, when planted early in the season, produces two crops of seed and forage from one planting, and states that for flour, feed and grain it will equal any-



Dwarf Essex Rape.

thing in the United States, while for chickens, hogs, sheep or horses it at all times takes the place of corn. This Shallu or Egyptian Wheat should be planted at the same time as sorghum or Kaffir corn, and planted in drills 18 inches apart. It stools out after the first cutting, producing the second growth equally as good as the first. In harvesting the seed, the tops are cut off and cured in a dry place and threshed out. For forage the stalks can be mowed the same as grass. It starts its growth again very quickly after cutting, and will in favorable weather mature a second crop within about sixty days after the first cutting.

We recommend this new forage plant to our customers, believing that it will prove to be a most desirable plant, particularly as a forage plant and for raising a most desirable and nutritious grain for food for poultry and other stock. Price, lb., 25 cts. postpaid. Write for price in quantity.

## TEOSINTE

One of the most valuable continuous cutting green forage crops for the South. Cut when 2 or 3 feet high, and continue to cut as it grows out. Resembles Indian Corn and grows 15 feet high on rich land, and has been known to produce 22 tons green forage per acre, and the quantity produced from one seed will keep a yoke of oxen for twenty-four hours.

**Culture.**—Sow in April, May and June in drills, rows four feet apart; seed two feet in the drill. Two pounds of seed planted as above is sufficient.

Price, oz., 10 cts.; ¼ lb., 25 cts.; lb., 75 cts.; 5 lbs., 60 cts. per lb.



Peanuts.





Abruzzi Rye.

## RYE

(56 Lbs. per Bu.)

Rye still remains the most popular winter grain used in the South for many purposes, but especially as a grazing crop. There are certain sections of country and climate that require particular varieties, or rather Seed Rye grown in one section is not suitable for other latitudes, and we ask that the planters and stockmen give this their attention in buying their seed, or leave it to a responsible seedsman that knows.

**Culture.**—Plant in September, October and through January at the rate of one bushel per acre.

**FLORIDA BLACK RYE.**—The only variety that will give absolute satisfaction in this State. Mountain and Northern grown Rye has been tried out time after time on account of the cheaper price, and has ended in failure to please after each experiment.

Florida grown rye will stand upright and tall, and not fall over as the other varieties in this State. You can graze this Rye or cut and feed green. Price, pk., \$1.00; bu., \$3.50; 5 bu., \$3.25 per bu.

**GEORGIA RYE.**—In the Northern part of this State you will get very satisfactory results, but we do not recommend same for planting below the North Central part. Price, pk., 85 cts.; bu., \$2.75; 5 bu., \$2.50 per bu.

**ABRUZZI.**—A new importation, and much is claimed for it. This rye was introduced from certain sections of Italy by the Department of Agriculture, from the same latitudes and climatic conditions as we find in our Gulf section. The Abruzzi variety has a very rapid growth and stools enormous on average soil. However, we do not believe that we can find an improvement over the **FLORIDA BLACK RYE** for this immediate Gulf section. Price, pk., \$1.00; bu., \$3.50; 5 bu., \$3.25 per bu.

## SORGHUMS

Sorghum will make a greater yield of green stuff in less time than any other forage crop except possibly Teosinte. The green food supplied by sorghum is very nutritious and is relished by all cattle. Will allow two to three cuttings per season from the same seed. As a summer pasture for cattle a sorghum field will be hard to beat.

**Culture.**—Plant from April to August in rows three feet apart, drilling 20 lbs. per acre, or broadcast at the rate of one bushel per acre.

**EARLY AMBER.**—The earliest variety known, making in 65 to 90 days; also very productive, yielding as high as four tons per acre. Price, pk., \$1.00; bu., \$3.75.

### EARLY ORANGE SORGHUM.

—Very productive, allowing three cuttings from the same seed. Some later than the Early Amber. Sow thickly, and will make a fine forage crop. Price, pk., \$1.00; bu., \$3.75.

**SUGAR DRIP.**—Not only makes a large yield of green forage, but is very sweet and is often used for making syrup. This is a distinct variety and grows very large and tall, producing immense quantities per acre. Price, pk., \$1.25; bu., \$5.00.



Early Amber Sorghum





## SEED WHEAT

There is no question but what we can raise our own wheat in this State; in fact, we know of a number of progressive planters who are raising their own wheat, rice, etc., and it is a source of great saving to them, where they don't have to go out and buy these two articles.

In South Georgia the country is full of planters who grow wheat successfully—enough to supply themselves with flour and a surplus for the market. This is so to such an extent that there are whole counties where it would not be necessary to ship a single barrel of flour.

It is very necessary to procure the proper strains suited to this Southern section, and we have our wheat seed grown for us by South Georgia planters who grow the best variety,

and the variety that has been proven to do good. Below varieties are recommended.

**BLUE STEM, or PURPLE STRAW.**—This variety is most largely planted. The head is smooth, the berry small, almost round, and very firm. Makes a large yield of flour. It is a rust-proof variety, very early to mature. Makes on fairly good soil from 15 to 25 bushels per acre. Price, pk., \$1.00; bu., \$3.50.

**EARLY RED MAY.**—Another variety adapted to the Southern section, being very hardy and resistant to disease and change of weather peculiar to the South. A smooth headed variety with a firm sound round shaped grain. Price, pk., \$1.00; bu., \$3.50.

## INSECTICIDES

### "Black Leaf 40"

Cucumbers, Cantaloupes and water melons often fail because of attacks of Aphis, known as plant lice, in Florida as the Hessian Fly.

The vines are attacked, and if not killed outright are damaged to such an extent that the melons are very small and of inferior quality.

You may prevent this by spraying with "Black Leaf 40."

Use the "Black Leaf 40" at the rate of three-quarters of a pint to 100 gallons of water.

It is preferable to use a sprayer which gives considerable force to the spray, and a disc nozzle that will discharge the spray at an angle so that the under side of the leaves will be thoroughly sprayed.

Spray as soon as the lice appear in the field.

Price: ½ lb. sealed can.....\$ .75  
2 lb. sealed can..... 2.50  
10 lb. sealed can..... 10.75

### Bordeaux Mixture (Paste)

A remedy for curing and preventing black rot, mildew, blight and scab on fruits and plants.

The addition of Arsenate of Lead makes a splendid remedy for destroying all leaf eating insects as well.

One pound for five gallons of water.

Prices on application.

### Pyrox

A smooth paste free from lumps; mixes easily and will go through any spray without clogging.

Pyrox where sprayed will kill all leaf eating insects and bugs, and will prevent rust, rot and fungus.

A spray that will stick in spite of stormy weather. It insures the crop, increases the yield and quality.

A paying proposition, and one that you cannot lose on.

Price of Pyrox f. o. b. Monticello:

|                         |        |
|-------------------------|--------|
| 1 lb. jar, each.....    | \$ .50 |
| 5 lb. crock, each.....  | 1.50   |
| 10 lb. drums, each..... | 3.00   |
| 25 lb. drums, each..... | 6.00   |
| 100 lb. kegs, each..... | 20.00  |

### Bug Death

Kills all bugs and worms that eat the foliage of all plants, trees and vines.

Prevents blight on potatoes, squash, cucumbers, melons, and tomatoes. Bug Death is a very fine tenacious powder, and can be dusted on the plants with a duster.

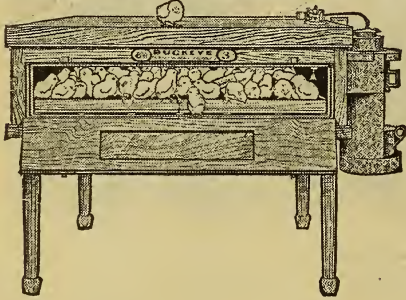
|                             |        |
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| Prices: 1 lb. package ..... | \$ .25 |
| 5 lb. package .....         | 1.00   |
| 12½ lb. package .....       | 1.50   |
| 100 lb. kegs .....          | 10.00  |



## BUCKEYE INCUBATOR

The BUCKEYE INCUBATOR will hatch more chicks and stronger chicks than any incubator on the market.

It requires no artificial moisture. It operates satisfactorily in any temperature down to freezing.



ing, and requires no attention to the regulator from the time a hatch is started until it is finished.

The perfect construction of all its parts is guaranteed, and any Incubator or part thereof that does not give satisfaction in every way will be replaced.

If you keep Chickens you need an Incubator—SURE.

We offer an excellent Incubator, 60 egg capacity, that is a fine hatcher. A complete little machine with a book of instructions. Price on application.

We offer another size, 110 egg capacity. Complete machine with book of instructions. Price on application.

WRITE FOR PRICES ON LARGER SIZES.  
WE WILL HAVE SAME SHIPPED  
OUT AT FACTORY PRICES.

## FARMOGERM

**Positive Proof of the Superiority of Farmogerm  
For Increasing the Yield of Your  
Leguminous Crops.**

Legumes inoculated with FARMOGERM produce more prolific, more nutritious and more profitable crops than legumes untreated.

It is a well known fact that legumes offer the best means of building up land and maintaining soil fertility. Increase this by inoculating your leguminous crops.

There are certain crops of Clovers and Grasses that require inoculation to be profitable, especially where they are planted in new territory, where this particular crop has never been planted before.

FARMOGERM is delivered to you in bottles ready for use. You can inoculate the seed for ten acres in ten minutes.

BE SURE and state what legume you want inoculated when ordering.

FARMOGERM is prepared for inoculating the following leguminous crops:

Cow Peas, Soy Beans, Peanuts, Crimson Clover, Lespedeza Clover, Alfalfa, Garden Peas, Garden Beans, Grass Seed and Vetches.

|        |              |         |
|--------|--------------|---------|
| Price: | 1 Acre ..... | \$ 2.00 |
|        | 5 Acre ..... | 6.00    |



Inoculated With Farmogerm.

## CANS

Two-pounds cans and caps, 125 to case. Price on application.

Three-pound cans and caps, 100 to case. Price on application.

## CANNING SUPPLIES

Solder Wire, Fluxing Fluid, Salammoniac, pulverized Capping Steels, Tipping Steels.  
Prices on application.



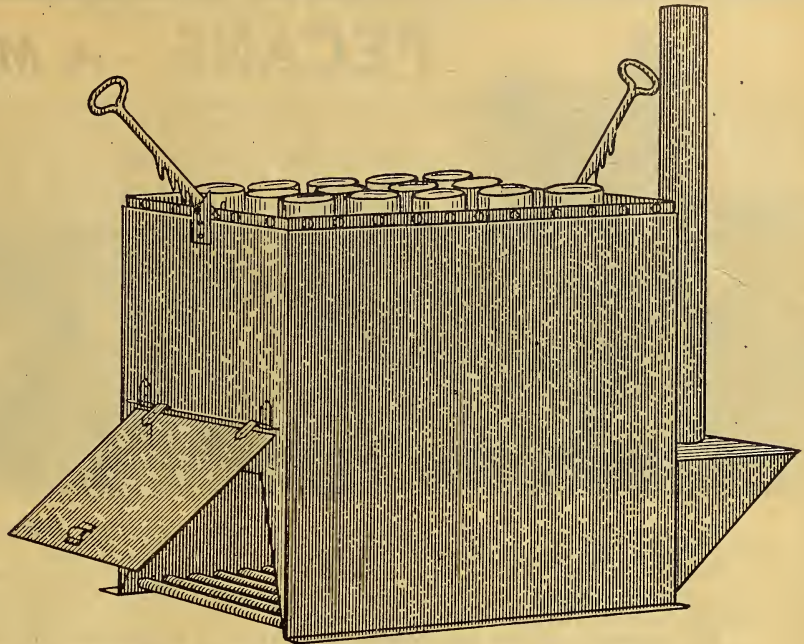
## CANNING MACHINES

There is a widespread interest all over the country in the canning business, and it is an industry that has come to stay.

Families will be canning all of their own vegetables and fruits, besides supplying the market with canned goods, such as fruit and vegetables in the very near future.

With the proper canner and canning equipment, there is nothing simpler or easier.

We recommend the following brand as giving the best satisfaction:



### No. B-N Canner

This machine we consider to be the best value and the most perfect canning boiler that has been put on the market.

This canner has been thoroughly tested.

This outfit consists of one canning boiler, two can trays, two lifting hangers, one charcoal burner, one pair of can tongs, one tipping steel,

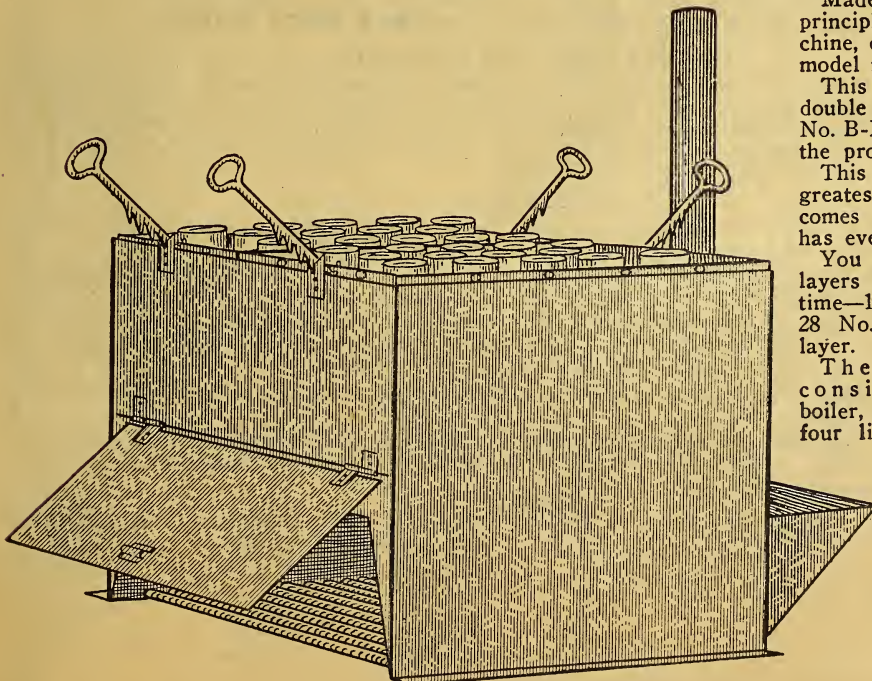
one capping steel and book of instructions.

Can trays will hold 14 No. 2 cans, or 8 No. 3 cans. This canner burns wood or coal, and works either jars or tin cans.

Daily capacity 400 to 600 cans. Shipping weight 50 pounds.

Price on application.

### No. B-B-N Canner



Made on the same principle of the B-N machine, or all of the new model machines.

This machine is just double the size of the No. B-N, and has double the processing capacity.

This machine is the greatest value when it comes to capacity that has ever been offered.

You can process three layers of cans at one time—16 No. 3 cans or 28 No. 2 cans to the layer.

The outfit complete consists of canning boiler, four can trays, four lifting hangers, capping steel, tipping steel, a pair of can tongs, and a book of instructions.

This canner burns wood or coal, and works jars or tincans.

Price on application.



# PECANS—A Money Crop



Pecan growing is a profitable industry. A natural crop that will mean wealth to the entire South. Pecans are the heaviest bearers and the highest price nut in the world.

We know of no industry that will offer a more profitable return than an acreage set to the budded and grafted pecan trees. You cannot purchase a bearing orchard as a rule from any owner for ten times the original cost; in fact, they are not for sale.

Our supply of grafted and budded pecan trees is larger than any other grower. Our trees are grown right here at Monticello and not shipped in and stored and then reshipped to you.

We dig our trees the day we receive your order and every tree is inspected by our expert grower and propagator of improved varieties of pecan trees.

Do not buy trees that have been dug for weeks and stored.

## PLANT GOOD TREES, AND LARGE SIZES.

Don't make the mistake of planting inferior trees because they are cheap. Buy the best trees available and plant a smaller number rather than buy inferior stock. A few extra cents put on the purchase price of pecan trees will pay you a big interest throughout the entire life of an orchard.

## BUY ONLY FROM A REPUTABLE NURSERYMAN. IT PAYS.

All of our trees have good roots, will be carefully handled and packed to reach you in good condition. We do not substitute varieties, but give you what you call for.

## WE CAN MAKE SHIPMENT FROM OCTOBER UNTIL MARCH.

## INSTRUCTIONS FOR PLANTING.

Plant as soon as the trees arrive and do not expose the roots to wind or sun. A hole three feet deep and three feet in diameter should be dug. Keep the top soil separate from the subsoil. Plant the trees the same depth in the ground as they were in the nursery row. In refilling the hole use top soil only and the best results are obtainable when this is thoroughly mixed with a bushel of well rotted manure.

## VARIETIES

**DELMAS.**—Widely disseminated, size large to very large, shell moderately thin, kernel plump, quality good, flavor excellent, tree vigorous and productive.

**STUART.**—More extensively planted than any other variety. Size medium to large, shell of average thickness, kernel plump, quality good, flavor sweet, very productive.

**SCHLEY.**—One of the best known and most widely disseminated varieties. Size medium to large, shell very thin, kernel plump, quality very rich, flavor excellent. Moderately productive but a very regular bearer. One of the most popular varieties.

**VAN DEMAN.**—Size large to very large, shell of medium thickness, kernel plump, quality rich, flavor sweet.

**MONEY MAKER.**—Widely disseminated, size medium, kernel fairly plump, quality good, flavor sweet, very prolific. Especially suited for the northern range of the area adapted to southern varieties.

## PRICES.

| Size, height above ground. | Lots of 10. | 10 to 25.   | 25 to 100.  |
|----------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| 3 to 4 feet.....           | \$ .80 each | \$ .70 each | \$ .60 each |
| 4 to 5 feet.....           | .90 each    | .80 each    | .70 each    |
| 5 to 6 feet.....           | 1.00 each   | .90 each    | .80 each    |
| 6 to 7 feet.....           | 1.10 each   | 1.00 each   | .90 each    |
| 7 to 8 feet.....           | 1.20 each   | 1.10 each   | 1.00 each   |
| 8 to 10 feet.....          | 2.50 each   | 2.25 each   | 2.00 each   |

Write for prices in lots of 1,000 and car lots.



# Seasons and Dates for Planting Vegetables and Other Crops in Florida

The following lists include what experience demonstrates can be successfully grown each month as the season most suitable for each variety comes around in the several sections of the State. However, as the seasons vary and differ according to the climate or the locality, one's own experience or that of some successful neighbor is the best guide for planting that can be suggested.

## NORTH AND WEST FLORIDA.

**January.**—Asparagus seed, Brussels Sprouts, Cabbage seed and plants, Cauliflower seed, Collards, Leek, Lettuce, Mustard, Onion sets, Radishes, Rape, Spanish Onion seed, Tomato seed, Turnips.

**February.**—Asparagus seed, Early Corn, Brussels Sprouts, Cabbage, Carrots, Collards, Eggplant seed, English Peas, Irish Potatoes, Kale, Leek, Lettuce, Onions, Parsley, Parsnip, Pepper seed, Rutabagas, Salsify, Spinach, Beets.

**March.**—Beans, Beets, Brussels Sprouts, Cantaloupes, Carrots, Collards, Cowpeas, Cucumbers, Early Corn, Eggplant, English Peas, Irish Potatoes, Kale, Kohlrabi, Leek, Okra, Parsley, Parsnip, Pepper, Pumpkin, Radish, Rape, Rutabagas, Salsify, Squash, Sugar Corn, Watermelons, Tomato, Turnip.

**April.**—Beans, Cantaloupes, Cowpeas, Cucumbers, Eggplant, English Peas, Irish Potatoes, Kohlrabi, Lettuce, Okra, Parsley, Parsnip, Pepper, Pumpkins, Radishes, Rutabagas, Squash, Sugar Corn, Sweet Potatoes, Tomatoes, Turnips, Watermelons.

**May.**—Beans, Butter Beans, Cantaloupes, Cowpeas, Cucumbers, Eggplant, Okra, Peppers, Pumpkins, Squash, Sugar Corn, Sweet Potatoes, Tomato plants and seed, Watermelons.

**June.**—Butter Beans, Cowpeas, Eggplant, Peppers, Squash, Sweet Potatoes, Tomatoes, Watermelons.

**July.**—Cowpeas, Eggplant, Parsley, Peppers, Pumpkin, Rutabagas, Squash, Sweet Potatoes, Tomato Plants and seed, Watermelons.

**August.**—Beans, Beets, Cabbage, Cauliflower seed, Carrots, Cowpeas, Cucumbers, Collards, Eggplants, Irish Potatoes, Kale, Kohlrabi, Okra, Onions, Rape, Rutabagas, Salsify, Spinach, Squash, Tomatoes, Turnips, Celery seed.

**September.**—Beets, Brussels Sprouts, Cabbage, Carrots, Cauliflower plants, Celery plants, Collards, Cowpeas, English Peas, Irish Potatoes, Kale, Leeks, Lettuce, Mustard, Onion sets, Parsnip, Radishes, Rape, Rutabagas, Salsify, Spinach, Turnips.

**October.**—Beets, Bermuda Onion seed, Brussels Sprouts, Cabbage, Carrots, Cauliflower plants, Celery plants, Collards, Kale, Leeks, Lettuce seeds and plants, Mustard, Onion sets, Parsnips, Radishes, Rape, Spinach, Turnips.

**November.**—Beets, Brussels Sprouts, Cabbage seeds and plants, Carrots, Collards, Kale, Lettuce, Mustard, Onion sets, Parsnip, Radishes, Rape, Spinach, Turnips.

**December.**—Cabbage plants and seed, Collards, Leeks, Lettuce plants and seed, Mustard, Onions, Radishes, Rape.

## CENTRAL FLORIDA

**January.**—Asparagus seed, Brussels Sprouts, Cabbage seed and plants, Cauliflower seed, Collards, Leeks, Lettuce, Mustard, Onion sets, Radishes, Rape, Spanish Onion seed, Tomato seed, Turnips, Eggplant seed.

**February.**—Asparagus seed, Early corn, Beans, Brussels Sprouts, Cabbage, Cantaloupes, Carrots, Collards, Cucumbers, Eggplant seed, English Peas, Irish Potatoes, Kale, Leeks, Lettuce, Onions, Parsley, Parsnip, Pepper seed, Rutabagas, Salsify, Spinach, Windsor Beans, Beets.

**March.**—Beans, Beets, Brussels Sprouts, Cantaloupes, Carrots, Cauliflower, Collards, Cowpeas, Cucumbers, Early Corn, Eggplant, English Peas, Irish Potatoes, Kale, Kohlrabi, Leek, Okra, Onion, Parsley, Parsnip, Pumpkin, Radish, Rape, Rutabagas, Salsify, Squash, Sugar Corn, Watermelons, Tomatoes, Turnips.

**April.**—Beans, Cantaloupes, Collards, Cowpeas, Cucumbers, Eggplant, English Peas, Irish Potatoes, Kohlrabi, Lettuce, Okra, Onion plants, Parsley, Parsnip, Peppers, Pumpkin, Radishes, Rutabagas, Squash, Sugar Corn, Sweet Potatoes, Tomatoes, Turnips, Watermelons.

**May.**—Beans, Butter Beans, Cantaloupes, Collards, Cowpeas, Cucumbers, Eggplant, Okra, Peppers, Pumpkins, Squash, Sugar Corn, Sweet Potatoes, Tomato plants and seed, Watermelons.

**June.**—Butter Beans, Cabbage seed, Cauliflower seed, Celery seed, Cowpeas, Eggplant, Peppers, Squash, Sweet Potatoes, Tomatoes, Watermelons.

**July.**—Cabbage seed, Cantaloupes, Cauliflower seed, Celery seed, Cowpeas, Eggplant, Parsley, Peppers, Pumpkin, Rutabagas, Squash, Sweet Potatoes Tomato plants and seed, Watermelons.

**August.**—Beans, Beets, Cabbage, Cauliflower seed, Carrots, Cowpeas, Cress, Cucumbers, Collards, Eggplant, Irish Potatoes, Kale, Kohlrabi, Okra, Onions, Rape, Rutabagas, Salsify, Spinach, Squash, Tomatoes, Turnips, Windsor Beans, Celery seed.

**September.**—Beets, Brussels Sprouts, Cabbage, Carrots, Cauliflower plants, Celery plants, Collards, Cowpeas, Cucumbers, English Peas, Irish Potatoes, Kale, Leeks, Lettuce, Mustard, Onion sets, Parsnip, Radishes, Rape, Rutabagas, Salsify, Spinach, Squash, Turnips.

**October.**—Beets, Bermuda Onion seed, Brussels Sprouts, Cabbage, Carrots, Cauliflower plants, Celery plants, Collards, Kale, Leeks, Lettuce seed and plants, Mustard, Onion sets, Parsnip, Radishes, Rape, Spinach, Turnips.

**November.**—Beets, Brussels Sprouts, Cabbage seed and plants, Carrots, Collards, Kale, Lettuce, Mustard, Onion sets, Parsnip, Radishes, Rape, Spinach, Turnips.

**December.**—Cabbage plants and seed, Collards, Leeks, Lettuce plants and seed, Mustard, Onions, Radishes, Rape.

## TAMPA, ORLANDO, TITUSVILLE AND SOUTHWARD

**January.**—Beans, Beets, Brussels Sprouts, Cabbage plants and seed, Carrots, Cauliflower seed, Collards, Eggplant seed, Irish Potatoes, Kale, Kohlrabi, Lettuce, Mustard, Radishes, Rape, Spanish Onion seed, Spinach, Tomato seed, Turnips.

**February.**—Adams' Early Corn, Beans, Beets, Brussels Sprouts, Cabbages, Cantaloupes, Carrots, Cucumbers, Eggplant seed, Irish Potatoes, Kale, Lettuce, Okra, Onions, pepper seed, Spinach seed, Spinach, Squash, Windsor Beans.

**March.**—Beans, Beets, Brussels Sprouts, Cantaloupes, Cauliflower, Cowpeas, Cucumbers, Early Corn, Eggplant, Irish Potatoes, Lettuce, Mustard, Okra, Onions, Pepper, Pumpkins, Radish, Squash, Sugar Corn, Tomatoes, Watermelons.

**April.**—Beans, Collards, Cowpeas, Cucumbers, Eggplant, Kohlrabi, Okra, Radishes, Squash, Sugar Corn, Sweet Potatoes, Tomatoes, Onion plants, Pepper, Pumpkins.

**May.**—Beans, Butter Beans, Cowpeas, Eggplant, Okra, Peppers, Pumpkins, Squash, Sugar Corn, Sweet Potatoes, Tomatoes.

**June.**—Butter Beans, Cabbage seed, Celery seed, Cowpeas, Eggplant seed, Peppers, Squash, Sweet Potatoes, Tomato plants and seed, Watermelons.

**July.**—Cabbage seed, Cantaloupes, Celery seed, Cowpeas, Eggplants and seed, Peppers, Pumpkins, Squash, Sweet Potatoes, Tomato plants and seed, Watermelons.

**August.**—Beans (snap), Cabbage seed, Cantaloupes, Carrots, Cauliflower seed, Collards, Cowpeas, Cucumbers, Eggplant, English Peas, Irish Potatoes, Kale, Kohlrabi, Lettuce, Mustard, Onions, Peppers, Pumpkins, Radishes, Rape, Rutabagas, Spinach, Squash, Swiss Chard, Tomatoes, Turnips, Windsor Beans.

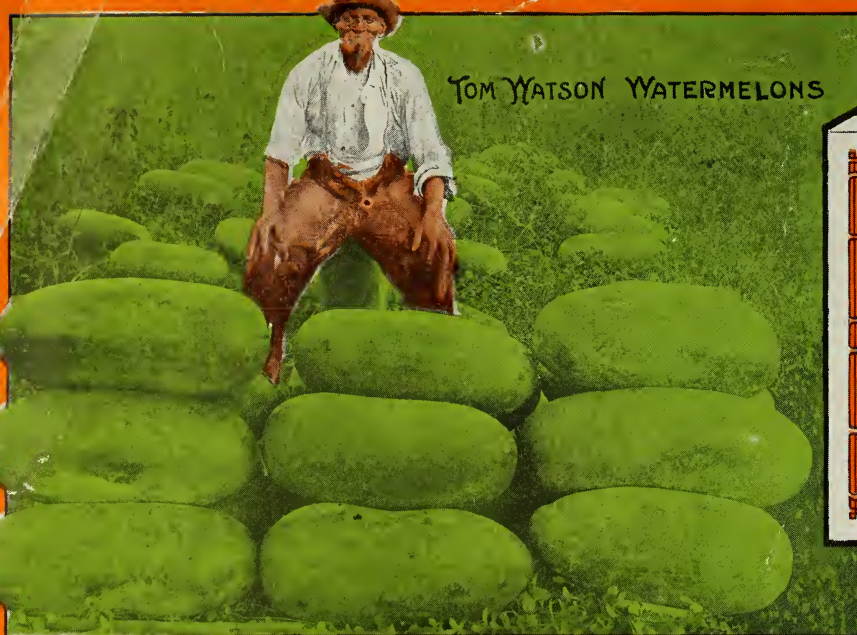
**September.**—Beets, Brussels Sprouts, Cabbage plants and seed, Carrots, Celery seed and plants, Collards, Cowpeas, Cucumbers, English Peas, Irish Potatoes, Kale, Lettuce, Mustard, Onion sets, Radishes, Rape, Rutabagas, Spinach, Squash, Swiss Chard, Turnips.

**October.**—Beets, Bermuda Onion seed, Brussels Sprouts, Cabbage plants and seed, Carrots, Celery seed, Collards, Kale, Lettuce plants and seed, Mustard, Onion sets, Radishes, Rape, Rutabagas, Spinach, Swiss Chard, Turnips.

**November.**—Beets, Brussels Sprouts, Cabbage plants and seed, Carrots, Celery seed and plants, Collards, Kale, Lettuce, Mustard, Onion sets, Radishes, Rape, Rutabagas, Spinach, Swiss Chard Turnips.

**December.**—Cabbage plants and seed, Celery plants, Collards, Lettuce plants and seed, Mustard, Onion sets, Radishes, Rape, Spanish Onion seed, Swiss Chard.





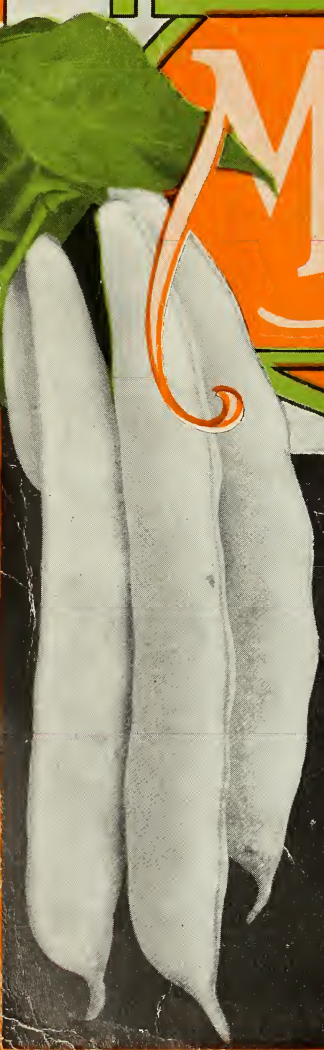
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